

City of Bristol Connecticut



**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015**

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the City of Bristol, Connecticut

*Fiscal Year
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015*

PREPARED BY:

Comptroller's Office

**Glenn S. Klocko
Comptroller**

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Introductory Section

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY COUNCIL

Ken Cockayne, Mayor
Calvin Brown, Council Member
Eric L. Carlson, Council Member
Mary Fortier, Council Member
Henri Martin, Council Member
Richard J. Miecznikowski, Council Member
Ellen Zoppo-Sassu, Council Member

BOARD OF FINANCE

Ken Cockayne, Mayor
Cheryl Thibeault, Chairperson
John E. Smith, Vice Chairman
Jake Carrier, Commissioner
Derek Czenczelewski, Commissioner
Michael Fiorini, Commissioner
Michael LaMothe, Commissioner
Art Ward, Commissioner
Vacancy

ADMINISTRATION

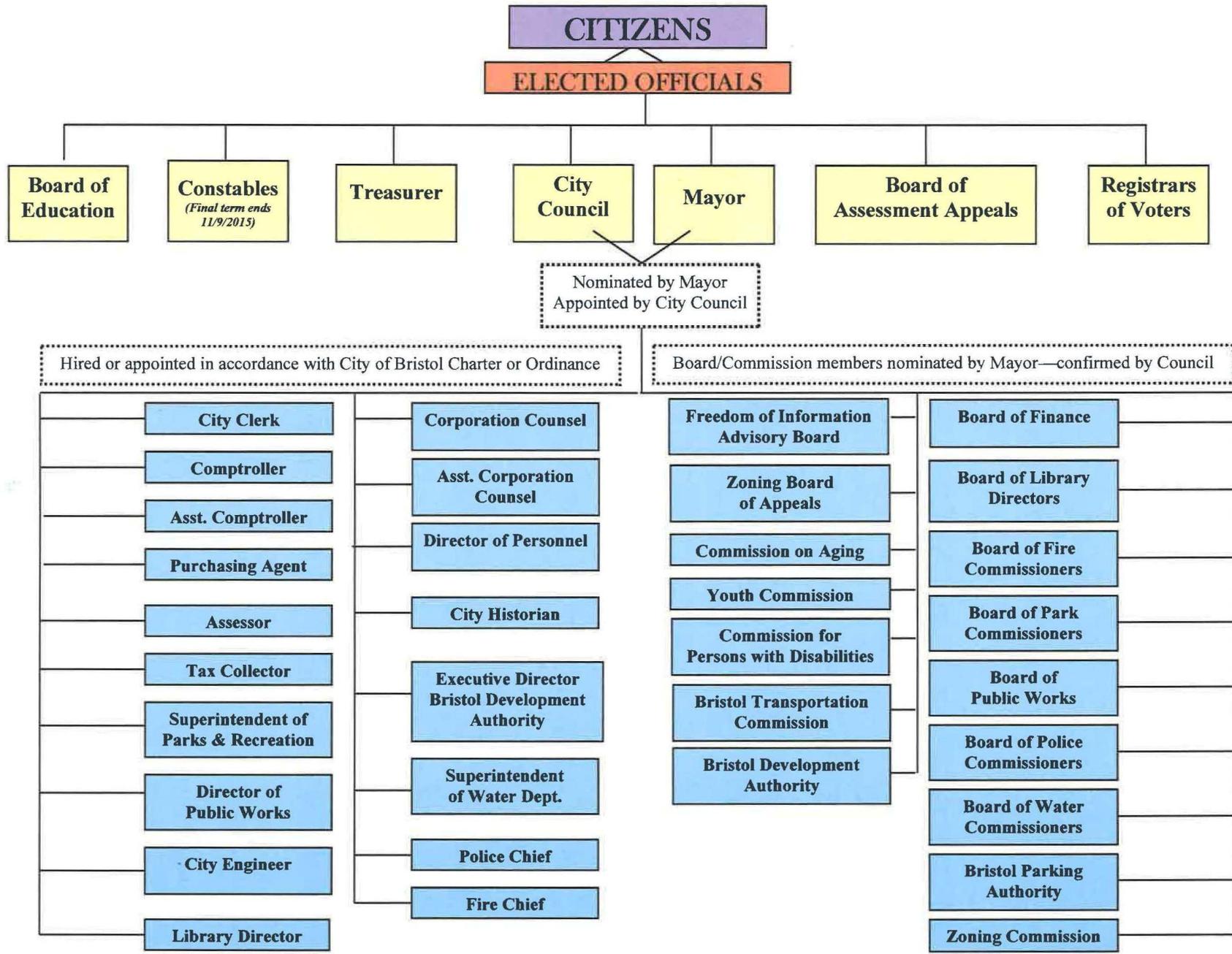
Registrar of Voters – Democrat
Registrar of Voters – Republican
Assessor
Tax Collector
Purchasing Agent
Comptroller
Assistant Comptroller
Treasurer
Personnel Director
Corporation Counsel
Town and City Clerk
Commission on Aging, Director
Director of Youth & Community Services
City Planner
Planning Secretary and City Engineer
Zoning Enforcement Officer
Police Chief
Fire Chief
Emergency Management Director
Chief Building Official
Director of Public Works
Bristol/Burlington Health District
Library Director
Superintendent of Parks and Recreation
Bristol Development Authority Director
Bristol Water Department Superintendent
Superintendent of Schools
Deputy Superintendent of Schools

Kevin McCauley
Sharon Krawiecki
Thomas DeNoto
Teresa Babon
Roger Rousseau
Glenn S. Klocko
Robin Manuele
Thomas O. Barnes, Jr.
Diane Ferguson
Edward C. Krawiecki, Jr.
Therese Pac
Patricia Tomascak
Eileen McNulty
Alan L. Weiner
Paul A. Strawderman
Monica L. Holloway
Thomas Grimaldi
Jay Kolakoski
Harland Graime
Guy Morin
Walter E. Veselka, III
Charles Motes, Jr.
Deborah Prozzo
Edward J. Swicklas
Justin Malley
Robert Longo
Ellen Solek, Ph.D.
Susan Kalt Moreau, Ph.D.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Larry Amara, Chairman
Genard Dolan, Vice Chairperson
Jennifer Dube
Jill T. Fitzgerald
Karen Hintz

Jeffrey Morgan
Thomas O'Brien
Karen Vibert
Christopher Wilson





City of Bristol

BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT 06010

December 31, 2015

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, Members of the Board of Finance and Citizens of the City of Bristol:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

RSM US LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified (“clean”) opinion on the City of Bristol’s financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. The independent auditor’s report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor’s report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Bristol, incorporated in 1911, is located in the west central part of the state, once considered the clock making, ball bearing, and lock manufacturing capital of the United States. The City remains proud of its industrial heritage. The City seal continues to maintain this history by depicting the hands of a Clock. The City occupies 26 square miles and serves a population of approximately 60,000. The City of Bristol is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property and also on motor vehicles.

The City has operated under the mayor-council form of government since inception. Policy making and legislative authority is vested in the governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and six other members, all elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve two-year terms. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The mayor is elected at large and council members are elected by district.

The City of Bristol provides a full range of services, including schools, police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; and sanitation services. Certain health services are provided through a legally separate Bristol Burlington Health District and water services are provided through a legally separate Bristol Water Department which functions, in essence, as departments of the City of Bristol and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Bristol’s financial statements. Additional information on all these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (See Note 1A).

“An Equal Opportunity Employer”

The Joint Board of the Board of Finance and City Council are required to adopt a final budget by no later than the third Monday in May. This budget serves as the foundation for the City of Bristol's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). The Board of Finance has the power to approve budget revisions during the year up to \$5,000. Revisions in excess of \$5,000 require Joint Board approval.

NATIONAL, STATE & LOCAL ECONOMY

Standard & Poor's in a recent credit assessment stated Bristol has a strong local economy based on access to and participation in the broad and diverse Hartford metropolitan statistical area (MSA). Bristol has a projected per capita effective buying income at 109.3% of the national average. The City has varied manufacturing and industrial sectors that adds to the relative stability of the local economy. Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the government's boundaries include ESPN, the nation's first and largest all-sports television network. The ESPN worldwide headquarters remains our largest taxpayer, accounting for 6.79% of total property assessed valuation. ESPN's growth in Bristol is assured by on-going development of last year's acquisition of 20 adjoining acres. Their newest digital center, comprises over 193,000 square feet of office space and four technologically advanced production studios. The city continues to be a leader in manufacturing, producing a wide variety of precision-crafted goods such as tin ware, bells, coaster brakes, hard wares, clocks, screw machine products, electronic items, timing devices, and robotic-based automation systems. Specialty manufacturers produce for a diverse array of industries, including medical devices, surgical equipment, aerospace, and automobile items.

UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment rates and the number of unemployed people, not seasonally adjusted, declined during the year in all of the states nine labor market areas. Connecticut's unemployment rate is 6.24%, down from 6.7% in 2014, and is predicted to remain stable. Locally, Bristol's 6.98% average unemployment rate is higher than national and regional averages, but lower than its 7.2% rate in 2014.

As a result of a state enterprise zone established in downtown Bristol to promote additional development, renewed investment, and job opportunities, unemployment is expected to continue to lag behind the state average. Bristol's Technology Park employs over 1,600 individuals in 23 businesses.

The Southeast Bristol Business Park of approximately 51 acres has been acquired by the City on a site off a major route to and from the City (route 229). The infrastructure was jointly a funded project of the state and the City. The project is critical to Bristol's continued growth. The acreage will accommodate approximately 750,000 square feet of new industrial space. The Park construction is complete and open for occupancy. It already has three tenants and secured the sale of three more lots. In addition, a real estate development firm representing a large distributor has executed a real estate agreement for Lot 1, the largest building lot in the park and will complete construction on a 120,000 square foot distribution facility in early 2016.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Downtown revitalization remains a top priority for reasons of economic vitality and quality of life. The City is currently studying the proper mix of public and private improvements and investments. To kick start downtown revitalization, the City purchased a former mall site in March 2005, and the building was later demolished. A private developer for the site was selected through a competitive process in 2009. The plan is for mixed-uses with an emphasis on residential use. To date, the developer has yet to secure adequate financing for its planned development. The re-use of the 17 acre site is a key component and opportunity for downtown revitalization. The eventual sale of the site, or portions of the site, could recoup a substantial portion of the purchase price, restart the income stream of taxes, and help spark renewed interest in surrounding downtown properties.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City has formally adopted key financial policies. Several years ago, a use of fund balance policy was established by the Board of Finance to (1) reduce the general fund's reliance on surplus to balance the budget, and (2) to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time emergency expenditures. The fund balance policy goal is to maintain general fund unassigned fund balance at 10-15% of budgeted operating revenues.

The City also adopted a debt policy to establish parameters and guidance for the Board to make decisions on capital spending and issuance of debt as a means to fund them.

In addition, several general financial policies guide the City in areas such as justification for new hires, travel reimbursement guidelines, sinking fund purchases for capital items, and addressing technology issues through a computer and related equipment lease replacement program. Fiscal policies are reviewed annually. There is a new Investment Policy adopted by the Board of Finance.

These and other key financial policies may be found in the City's budget document behind the tab labeled 'Policy Initiatives'.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Education entails the largest portion of the City's budget. The Board of Education requested a \$7.9 million, \$5.2 million for budgetary operating expenses and \$2.7 for full day kindergarten. The Board of Finance approved a 3.06% or \$3.19 million increase.

Strategies used in balancing the 2014-2015 budget:

- Department Heads were asked to submit a budget between zero and two percent
- Minimal bonding of the Ten Year Capital Improvement Plan
- Continue to develop and implement fiscal policies to keep the City's bond rating strong
- Develop a plan to prioritize Capital spending in a way that spreads these costs over time to minimize the tax impact

Percentages

- Requests totaled \$188.4 million from the City side and Board of Education. This is an \$7.7 million increase over the current budget
- The Board of Education request increased \$5.2 million with an additional \$2.7 million for full day kindergarten, however, an increase of \$3.19 million or 3.06% was approved, increasing the Minimum Budget Requirement
- General City requests increased by \$4.2 million or 5.52%, however, the final budget approved an increase of \$2.4 million or 3.25%
- The largest City Department increase of \$760 thousand was within the Public Works department for programmed increases in Snow, Fleet and Major Road Improvements
- The smaller General Government City departments increased by \$13,715 or 0.24% adhering to the Mayor's request to come in with budget requests between zero and two percent.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR):

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the twenty ninth consecutive year, which the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR):

Also, the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to the City of Bristol for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal. An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. This is the fifteenth year in a row the City of Bristol has received the Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards Program:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the City of Bristol the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its budget. The award represents a significant achievement by the City of Bristol. It reflects the commitment of the governing body and staff to meeting the highest principles of governmental budgeting. This is the fourteenth consecutive time the City has received this award.

We commend our independent auditors, RSM US LLP, for their professional guidance and patience in progressively guiding the City's staff through the required annual reporting updates and modifications.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Comptroller's Office, in particular, Assistant Comptroller Robin Manuele, Senior Accountant Skip Gillis and Assistant to the Comptroller, Jodi McGrane. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the governing council and Board of Finance for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Bristol's finances.

Respectfully submitted,



Glenn S. Klocko
Comptroller



Robin L. Manuele
Assistant Comptroller



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

**City of Bristol
Connecticut**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

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Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

To the Member of the Board of Finance
City of Bristol, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bristol, Connecticut (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Bristol's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bristol, Connecticut as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As explained in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the notes to the financial statements, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB 68*, which resulted in the City restating net position for recognition of the City's pension related activity incurred prior to July 1, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the pension and other post-employment schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bristol, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The City of Bristol Connecticut's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 (not presented herein), were audited by other auditors whose report thereon dated December 22, 2014, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information.

The report of the other auditors dated December 22, 2014, stated that the accompanying financial statements for the General Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Funds and Pension Trust Funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 were subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2014 basic financial statements and certain additional auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, in their opinion, was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2014. are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Bristol, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Bristol, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

New Haven, Connecticut
December 31, 2015

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**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

This discussion and analysis of the City of Bristol, Connecticut's (City) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page i and the City's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As a result of a restatement of net position for implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, the City's total net position increased by \$244.7 million. While net position of our business-type increased by \$779 thousand, or 3%, net position of our governmental activities increased by \$243.9 million, or 83.1%. Increases were primarily due to the aggregate acquisition of any new assets during the fiscal year and revenues exceeding actual expenses during the year.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$7.3 million less than the \$238.6 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs and business activities. Revenues exceeding expenses were clearly a result of receiving increased property tax collections and other general revenues.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues increased \$138 thousand or 1.8% while expenses increased by 5.2%. There was an increase in water expenses over prior year results.
- Total cost of all of the City's programs was \$231.8 million with no new programs added this year. This represents a \$6.4 million increase compared to fiscal year 2014. The increase represents, in part, increased budgetary appropriations for city-wide operations including education operations.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$26.6 million, or 12.9% of general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The tax collection rate was 98.47% of the current levy and almost identical to last year's rate of 98.46%.
- The City of Bristol's total bonded indebtedness including its Enterprise fund bonds decreased by \$6.9 million to \$67.6 million or 9.3% before payments during the current fiscal year. The decrease is the annual debt service payment. The City also "rolled over" (reissued) \$5.0 million in taxable general obligation bond anticipation notes originally issued in 2008.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibit III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins on Exhibit I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position, the difference between assets

and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the City into three types of activities:

- *Governmental activities* – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, health and welfare, libraries, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- *Business - type activities* – The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Water Department operations are reported here.
- *Component units* – The City includes one separate legal entity in its report; the Bristol-Burlington Health District. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the City is financially accountable for it.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants, and other money (like grants received from the State Department of Education and the Federal Department of Housing and Public Administration). The City's funds are divided into three categories; governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- *Governmental funds (Exhibit III and IV)* – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- *Proprietary funds (Exhibit V through VII)* – When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact the City's enterprise fund (a component of proprietary funds) is the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. Internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities – such as the City's Health Benefit and Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund.

- *Fiduciary funds (Exhibit VIII and IX)* – The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other post employee benefit assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's combined net position increased from a year ago from \$320 million to \$565 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

TABLE 1
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

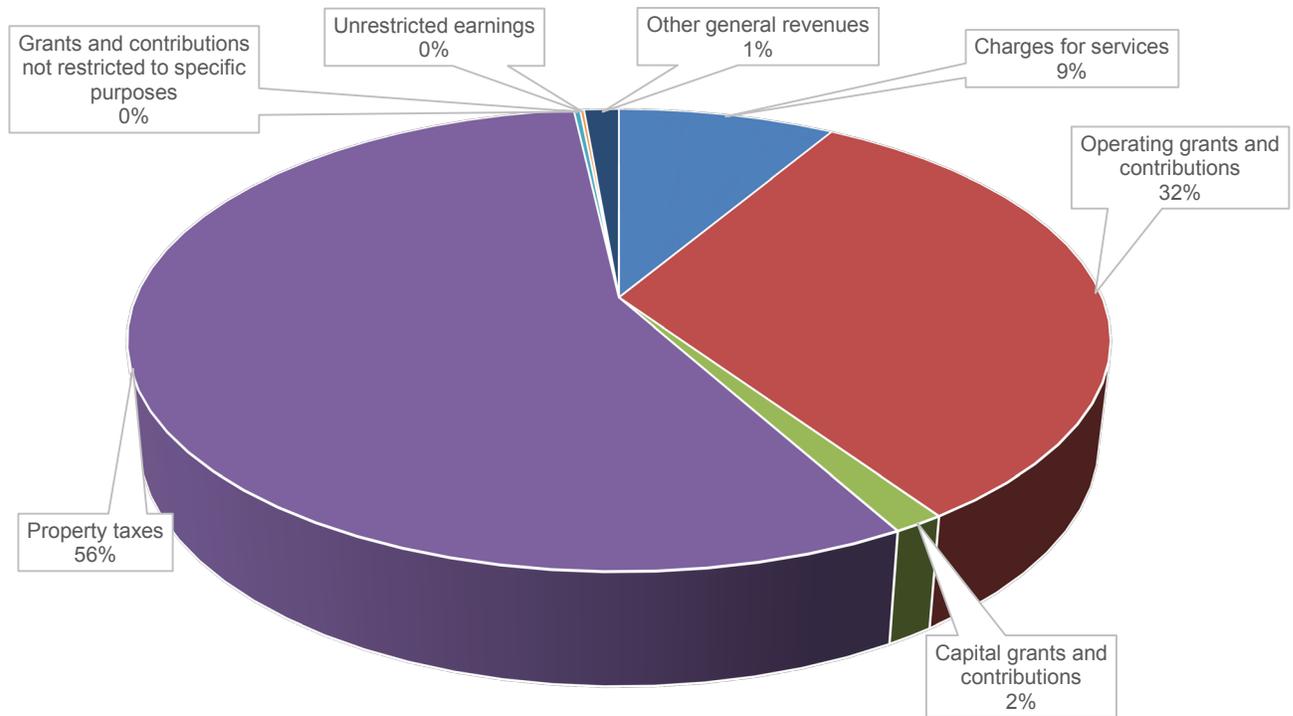
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Government	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current Assets	\$ 101,932,620	\$ 99,948,000	\$ 7,974,680	\$ 7,781,000	\$ 109,907,300	\$ 107,729,000
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	332,402,539	333,943,000	23,676,558	24,419,000	356,079,097	358,362,000
Total assets	434,335,159	433,891,000	31,651,238	32,200,000	465,986,397	466,091,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension related items	41,054,496	-	-	-	41,054,496	-
Deferred amounts on refundings	1,234,964	1,408,000	113,941	132,000	1,348,905	1,540,000
	42,289,460	1,408,000	113,941	132,000	42,403,401	1,540,000
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	117,663,521	118,432,000	3,949,165	4,448,000	121,612,686	122,880,000
Other Liabilities	26,712,838	23,171,000	632,490	1,480,000	27,345,328	24,651,000
Total liabilities	144,376,359	141,603,000	4,581,655	5,928,000	148,958,014	147,531,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pension related items	5,072,994	-	-	-	5,072,994	-
Advance property tax collection	86,889	94,000	-	-	86,889	94,000
	5,159,883	94,000	-	-	5,159,883	94,000
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	261,086,435	256,306,000	20,654,635	20,910,000	281,741,070	277,216,000
Restricted	1,109,796	1,095,000	-	-	1,109,796	1,095,000
Unrestricted	275,282,127	36,201,000	6,528,889	5,494,000	281,811,016	41,695,000
Total net position	\$ 537,478,358	\$ 293,602,000	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 26,404,000	\$ 564,661,882	\$ 320,006,000

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by 8.3% or \$243.9 million compared to a prior \$293.6 million due to a restatement of net position for implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements is \$268.7 million at the end of this year. The net position of business-type activities increased by \$779 thousand in 2015 compared to 2014.

TABLE 2

	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES					
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Government	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charge for services	\$ 12,986,305	\$ 14,743,000	\$ 7,344,944	\$ 7,207,000	\$ 20,331,249	\$ 21,950,000
Operating grants and contributions	76,414,293	76,664,000	-	-	76,414,293	76,664,000
Capital grants and contributions	2,735,539	4,950,000	702,323	28,000	3,437,862	4,978,000
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	134,240,052	128,534,000	-	-	134,240,052	128,534,000
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	592,457	2,231,000	-	-	592,457	2,231,000
Unrestricted investment earnings	369,645	420,000	-	674,000	369,645	1,094,000
Other general revenues	3,260,140	172,000	-	-	3,260,140	172,000
Total revenues	230,598,431	227,714,000	8,047,267	7,909,000	238,645,698	235,623,000
Program Expenses:						
General government	15,826,836	10,867,000	-	-	15,826,836	10,867,000
Public safety	25,983,268	31,240,000	-	-	25,983,268	31,240,000
Public works	28,439,401	27,337,000	-	-	28,439,401	27,337,000
Health and welfare	8,536,374	6,705,000	-	-	8,536,374	6,705,000
Libraries	3,443,583	2,902,000	-	-	3,443,583	2,902,000
Parks and recreation	3,420,506	3,344,000	-	-	3,420,506	3,344,000
Education	136,084,395	132,972,000	-	-	136,084,395	132,972,000
Interest on long-term debt	2,306,348	2,584,000	-	-	2,306,348	2,584,000
Water	-	-	7,267,743	6,909,000	7,267,743	6,909,000
Total program expenses	224,040,711	217,951,000	7,267,743	6,909,000	231,308,454	224,860,000
Increase in net position	6,557,720	9,763,000	779,524	1,000,000	7,337,244	10,763,000
Net Position - beginning (as restated)	530,920,638	283,839,000	26,404,000	25,404,000	557,324,638	309,243,000
Net Position - ending	\$ 537,478,358	\$ 293,602,000	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 26,404,000	\$ 564,661,882	\$ 320,006,000

The City's total revenues were \$238.6 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$231.3 million. Our pie chart analysis below considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.



Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities increased the City of Bristol's net position by \$243.9 million. The prior year increase in net position was \$9.7 million. Key elements of this increase with offsetting decreases are as follows:

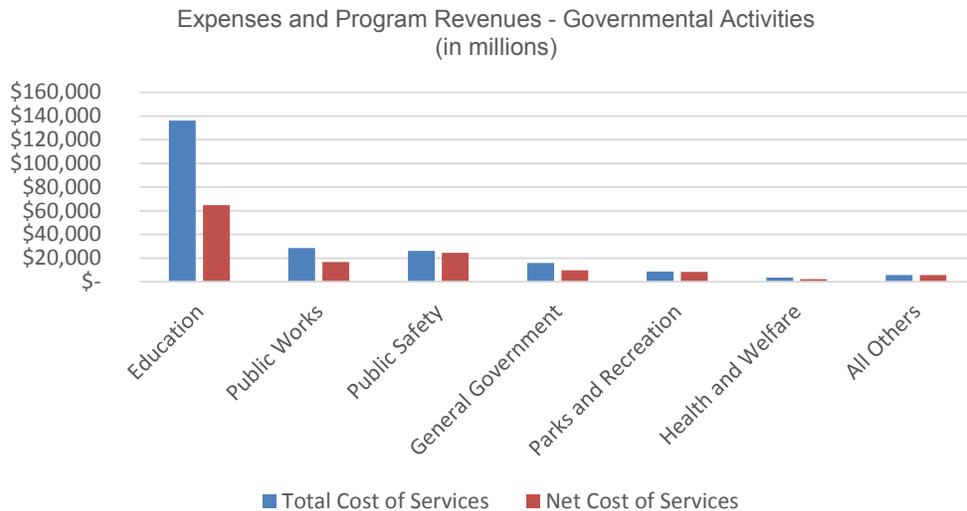
- The City's financial statements have been restated as of June 30, 2015. The restatement is a result of the implementation of *GASB Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*. Governmental Activities will show a restatement of net position for the beginning of the year net pension liability.
- Property tax collections increased by \$5.7 million during the year. Most of this increase is the product of increased tax revenue estimates to balance increased budgeted appropriations.
- Operating grants and contributions for governmental activities increased by \$2.9 million, mostly as a result of a one-time municipal grant in aid in the prior year.
- Charges for services decreased \$1.6 million. This is a result of a combination of decreased real estate transfer taxes, and public safety and public works fees.
- Investment earnings decreased \$50 thousand. Interest rates still remain quite low and the City has been expending funds on Capital Projects that are scheduled to be bonded.
- General government activities expenses increased \$9.3 million as a result of increased appropriation expenses for the education department programs and scheduled increases for fleet replacements in the Public Works department, and unionized contractual salary increases.

- For the most part, any increases in departmental expenses closely paralleled inflationary costs for utilities, operational contractual obligations and increased costs for health benefits.
- The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is funded by the State. The funding levels have remained relatively flat. This year the on-behalf state teacher's contribution was \$13.8 million, an increase of \$2.76 million from the previous year.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's six largest programs – education, public works, public safety, general government, parks and recreation, and health and welfare – as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

**TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Education	\$ 136,084,395	\$ 132,972,000	\$ (64,821,325)	\$ 57,423,000
Public Works	28,439,401	27,337,000	(16,770,789)	14,722,000
Public Safety	25,983,268	31,240,000	(24,374,722)	28,068,000
General Government	15,826,836	10,867,000	(9,786,036)	7,538,000
Health and Welfare	8,536,374	6,705,000	(8,251,580)	6,140,000
Parks and Recreation	3,420,506	3,344,000	(2,223,141)	2,322,000
All other	5,749,931	5,486,000	(5,676,981)	5,381,000
Total	\$ 224,040,711	\$ 217,951,000	\$ (131,904,574)	\$ 121,594,000



Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see Table 2) were \$8.05 million in 2015 compared to \$7.90 million in 2014 and expenses increased by 5.2%. The factors influencing these results included:

- Revenues: Increases were experienced on the investment of idle funds and a slight increase in water sales.
- Expenses: Increases were experienced in the supplies and capital outlay accounts.

CITY FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet – Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$45 million.

Approximately 32.9% of this total amount (\$14.8 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is constrained to specific purposes to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of a prior period 2) to pay debt service 3) to generate income to pay for the perpetual care and maintenance of storm water control problem areas and City cemeteries, or 4) for a variety of other restricted specific purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Bristol. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$26.6 million, while total fund balance reached \$31.7 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 16.45% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 19.6% of that same amount, and approximately the same percentage as the year before.

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$1.4 million, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. Funding for debt service is represented by a transfer out of the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Bristol's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Department and Health Benefits and Workers' Compensation funds at the end of the year amounted to \$18.8 million, of that amount; the Health Benefits and Workers' Compensation fund has accumulated \$12.3 million of net position, which is equal to the funds unrestricted net position. This fund is self-funded and has experienced an increase of year-to-year medical claims. To demonstrate this expense trend, current year expenses were \$38.9 million compared to 2014 expenses of \$34.7 million.

Other factors concerning the finances of the Water Department have already been addressed in the discussion the City of Bristol's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Variances between original budget and the amended budget (RSI-1 and 2) can be briefly summarized as follows:

Estimated Revenues:

- Current Property Tax Collections are estimated year to year at 98%. Actual current collections were 98.47%.
- State grants are budgeted with available known estimates from the State. Some state grants exceeded original expectations due to the reimbursement nature of the grants (excess student cost base), while others are formula driven, such as the PILOT- for manufacturing and equipment grant. A municipal grant in aid was received in the amount of \$2.3 million as a one-time grant dispersed by the State of Connecticut. An unbudgeted FEMA grant was also received for \$147 thousand.
- Building permit collections were \$133 thousand over original budgeted estimates. This revenue source increase was due to increased new residential development activity.

- State and Federal grant estimates and resulting variances for our larger state provided grants, such as the Educational Cost Sharing and Public (child) transportation and PILOT: manufacturing and equipment and sales tax grants, are subject to political debate and approval at the state level and are not of local control.
- Excess Student Cost Base Grant, like many education grants are difficult to estimate and are usually based on data from a prior year which may not reflect current year data. The City received \$2.6 matching budgeted estimates.

Appropriations:

- Many departments will have adjustments to their original appropriations. There are two major reasons: first, the departments cannot over expend their line items, and second, all year end over expenditures are covered by either transfers within the department line items or transfers from other departments with excessive funds at year end.

Large transfer amounts usually signify unusual circumstances. For instance:

- The School Readiness grant is not budgeted until the grant amount is known, which is usually after budget adoption.
- Public Safety adjustments within the Police Department budget were caused by costs of overtime for unplanned local emergencies and contractual replacement for sick or injured personnel in the Police divisions.
- A \$29.9 million transfer from the General fund to the Internal Service Fund refers to a year-to-year combined City and Education appropriation transfer for workers' compensation expenses and health benefit expenses.
- Public Works – Streets & Solid Waste Divisions experienced a minor reorganization. In addition both divisions had man open positions due to retirements and employee's transferring to other departments.
- Public Works – Fleet Maintenance – This division had higher than usual heavy-duty vehicle repairs due to an aging fleet.
- Public Works – Major Road Improvements – This division received a one-time grant that was specifically for road improvements in addition to the original budget amount for road maintenance and improvements.
- Public Works – Snow Removal expenses increased due to higher than average snow and ice storm events.
- Police Heart & Hypertension expenses increased due to an increase in claimed benefits.
- Corporation Counsel had \$77 thousand in increased contractual services due to having outside legal counsel handle cases outside the expertise of the in-house counsel.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the City had \$356.1 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines – Table 4. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$2.2 million, or .6%, under last year.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Land	\$ 18,690,738	\$ 18,400,000	\$ 2,752,140	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 21,442,878	\$ 21,200,000
Construction in progress	13,863,936	91,000,000	677,228	500,000	14,541,164	91,500,000
Buildings	164,624,071	89,500,000	17,701,093	18,500,000	182,325,164	108,000,000
Improvement other than buildings	8,013,589	10,600,000	-	-	8,013,589	10,600,000
Machinery and equipment	18,986,486	18,600,000	2,546,097	2,600,000	21,532,583	21,200,000
Infrastructure	108,223,719	105,800,000	-	-	108,223,719	105,800,000
	<u>\$ 332,402,539</u>	<u>\$ 333,900,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,676,558</u>	<u>\$ 24,400,000</u>	<u>\$ 356,079,097</u>	<u>\$ 358,300,000</u>

The following are the more significant aspects of the changes in capital assets:

Land

- Governmental Activities: Increase due to the City taking title of blight properties
- Business Type Activities: Decrease due to Water Department demolition and abandonment of water storage facilities

Construction in progress

- Governmental Activities: Decrease due to the completion of two new schools

Buildings

- Governmental Activities: The City took ownership and control of schools no longer in Board of Education use

Machinery and Equipment

- Governmental Activities: Increase is the purchase of new vehicles and various equipment in the Police, Fire, Parks and Public Works Department
- Business Type Activities: Decrease due to the retirement of various department equipment

Infrastructure

- Increase is for road improvements

Fiscal Year 2015 Capital Budget	
<u>Department</u>	
Board of Education	\$1,070,632
Fire Department	260,000
Information Systems	620,000
Police Department	98,663
Public Works	3,393,000
City Council Building Committee	820,000
Total All Departments	<u><u>\$6,262,295</u></u>
<u>Funding</u>	
Sale of Bonds	\$3,900,000
General Fund Cash	649,295
State/Federal Grants	893,000
Other Funds	820,000
Total All Funding	<u><u>\$6,262,295</u></u>

The City's fiscal year 2014-2015 capital budget called for it to spend \$6.26 million for capital projects. Some of the main highlights of these projects include:

- Improve various roads- cul-de-sacs, right of ways, storm drains and related pavement outlay
- Education department funding for heating fuel oil tank replacement at Stafford School, Edgewood School and Bristol Central High School
- Fire facility renovations and improvement to firehouse No. 5
- Information systems will continue a phone system upgrade
- Police Department will continue a traffic retro-flectivity upgrade and radio communications system replacement
- City Council Building Committee funding for the closure of two former schools, O'Connell and Bingham. Public Works Garage Renovations and ADA Projects – Phase I.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2015 the City had \$67.6 million in total bonded indebtedness versus \$74.5 million last year – a decrease of 9.3% – as shown in Table 5. The decrease is due the annual payments for debt service.

TABLE 5
OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
General obligation bonds (backed by the City)	\$ 64,164,390	\$ 70,600,000	\$ 3,467,236	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 67,631,626	\$ 74,500,000

The City also “rolled over” for a fourth time (reissued) \$5 million in taxable general obligation notes. The City paid down \$2.41 million of the original 2008 issue of \$7.41 million.

The City’s general obligation bond ratings are Aa2 and AA+ respectfully from Moody’s Investors Service and Standard and Poor’s Corporation. The Standard and Poor’s Corporation (S&P) rating represents an upgrade from AA to AA+ received in February, 2009. Prior to this upgrade, the City received upgrades from Moody’s and S&P in August 2000. A Fitch rating was first established for the City in June 2006. The Fitch rating is AA+.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The City’s outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$935.96 million state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the City’s long- term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR’S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City’s elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2013 budget tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the City now stands at 6.98% versus 6.7% a year ago. This compares with the State’s unemployment rate of 6.4% (not seasonally adjusted) and the national rate of 5.8%. (Source: CT Department of Labor, 2015 Average).

Bristol’s wealth and income factors and unemployment trends are for the most part consistent within the Hartford region. Bristol’s median household effective buying income is 85% of the state’s average and 109.3% of the nation’s average.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2015-16. Amounts appropriated in the 2015-2016 General Fund budget are \$185 million, a decrease of \$1 million under the previous year’s budget of approximately \$185.1 million. The property tax rate remained at 34.61.

The City will use these increases in tax revenues to finance programs currently offered and to off-set the effect that we expect inflation to have on program costs. Budgeted expenditures equal budgeted revenues in order to keep structural balance.

If these estimates are realized, the City’s budgetary General Fund balance is expected to slightly increase at June 30, 2015. Building Permits, Conveyance Tax fees, interest income and delinquent tax collections continue to lag behind any signs of economic improvement. Those revenue estimates will be kept at lower levels to reflect current economic conditions.

The City of Bristol has appropriated \$195,000 thousand of its \$32.1 million total fund balance to balance its 2015-2016 operating budget. This represents a decrease of \$155 thousand from the previous year. The eventual goal, gradually attained, is zero expected to happen in fiscal year 2016-2017.

As for the City’s business-type activities we expect marginal growth (0.25 -0.50%) to net position based on sales over the past three fiscal years. Expense increases will be primarily due to salaries and benefits other expenses are expected to have a slight marginal increase. Also, expenses will increase for continued watershed expansion purchases and other infrastructure and equipment improvements.

CONTACTING THE CITY’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City’s finances and to show the City’s accountability for the money it receives and expends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Comptroller’s Office, City of Bristol, 111 North Main Street, Bristol, Connecticut, 06010.

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Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Type Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Bristol-Burlington Health District
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 81,506,368	\$ 1,601,905	\$ 83,108,273	\$ 2,031,612
Investments	8,304,723	4,733,548	13,038,271	-
Receivables, net	11,818,603	1,452,288	13,270,891	15,395
Due from fiduciary funds	251,000	-	251,000	-
Inventory	49,023	184,843	233,866	-
Other assets	2,903	2,096	4,999	-
Net pension asset	210,389,981	-	210,389,981	-
Capital assets:				
Assets not being depreciated	32,554,674	3,429,368	35,984,042	-
Assets being depreciated, net	299,847,865	20,247,190	320,095,055	43,288
Total assets	644,725,140	31,651,238	676,376,378	2,090,295
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension related items	41,054,496	-	41,054,496	-
Deferred charge on refunding	1,234,964	113,941	1,348,905	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	42,289,460	113,941	42,403,401	-
Liabilities				
Accounts and other payables	9,478,325	467,346	9,945,671	47,664
Accrued liabilities	9,902,304	62,788	9,965,092	22,129
Accrued interest payable	988,031	-	988,031	-
Bond anticipation notes payable	5,600,242	-	5,600,242	-
Other current liabilities	654	102,356	103,010	-
Unearned revenue	743,282	-	743,282	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	15,026,379	579,382	15,605,761	63,658
Due in more than one year	102,637,142	3,369,783	106,006,925	27,804
Total liabilities	144,376,359	4,581,655	148,958,014	161,255
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension related items	5,072,994	-	5,072,994	-
Advance property tax collections	86,889	-	86,889	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,159,883	-	5,159,883	-
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	261,086,435	20,654,635	281,741,070	43,288
Restricted for:				
Trust purposes:				
Expendable	294,714	-	294,714	-
Nonexpendable	815,082	-	815,082	-
Unrestricted	275,282,127	6,528,889	281,811,016	1,885,752
Total net position	\$ 537,478,358	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 564,661,882	\$ 1,929,040

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
		Program Revenues			Primary Government			Component Unit
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Bristol-Burlington Health District
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	15,826,836	\$ 1,756,430	\$ 4,284,370	\$ -	\$ (9,786,036)	\$ -	\$ (9,786,036)	\$ -
Public Safety	25,983,268	1,096,543	512,003	-	(24,374,722)	-	(24,374,722)	-
Public Works	28,439,401	7,991,234	941,839	2,735,539	(16,770,789)	-	(16,770,789)	-
Health and Welfare	8,536,374	-	284,794	-	(8,251,580)	-	(8,251,580)	-
Libraries	3,443,583	24,528	48,422	-	(3,370,633)	-	(3,370,633)	-
Parks and Recreation	3,420,506	653,268	544,097	-	(2,223,141)	-	(2,223,141)	-
Education	136,084,395	1,464,302	69,798,768	-	(64,821,325)	-	(64,821,325)	-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,306,348	-	-	-	(2,306,348)	-	(2,306,348)	-
Total governmental activities	224,040,711	12,986,305	76,414,293	2,735,539	(131,904,574)	-	(131,904,574)	-
Business-type activities:								
Water	7,267,743	7,344,944	-	702,323	-	779,524	779,524	-
Total business-type activities	7,267,743	7,344,944	-	702,323	-	779,524	779,524	-
Total primary government	\$ 231,308,454	\$ 20,331,249	\$ 76,414,293	\$ 3,437,862	(131,904,574)	779,524	(131,125,050)	-
Component Unit:								
Bristol-Burlington Health District	\$ 3,255,687	\$ 169,490	\$ 3,462,199	\$ -	-	-	-	376,002
General Revenues:								
Property taxes					134,240,052	-	134,240,052	-
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					592,457	-	592,457	-
Unrestricted investment earnings					369,645	-	369,645	3,038
Miscellaneous					3,260,140	-	3,260,140	-
Total general revenues and transfers					138,462,294	-	138,462,294	3,038
Change in net position					6,557,720	779,524	7,337,244	379,040
Net Position - beginning (as restated - Note 16)					530,920,638	26,404,000	557,324,638	1,550,000
Net Position - ending					\$ 537,478,358	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 564,661,882	\$ 1,929,040

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2015**

	General	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,124,273	\$ 1,385,023	\$ -	\$ 19,468,511	\$ 55,977,807
Investments	7,533,899	-	-	770,824	8,304,723
Receivables, net	5,350,992	-	3,661,289	2,779,796	11,792,077
Due from other funds	877,035	-	-	106,759	983,794
Prepays	588	-	-	2,315	2,903
Inventories	-	-	-	49,023	49,023
Total assets	\$ 48,886,787	\$ 1,385,023	\$ 3,661,289	\$ 23,177,228	\$ 77,110,327
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts and contracts payable	3,501,044	-	3,606,642	2,366,741	9,474,427
Accrued liabilities	8,844,657	-	16,596	1,041,051	9,902,304
Due to other funds	122,290	-	-	955,503	1,077,793
Due to other governments	-	-	-	654	654
Bond anticipation and clean water notes payable	-	-	5,600,242	-	5,600,242
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	675,610	675,610
Total liabilities	12,467,991	-	9,223,480	5,039,559	26,731,030
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	4,614,924	-	-	-	4,614,924
Unavailable revenue - sewer use	-	-	-	110,851	110,851
Unavailable revenue - sewer assessments	-	-	-	575,906	575,906
Advance property tax collections	86,889	-	-	-	86,889
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,701,813	-	-	686,757	5,388,570
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	588	-	-	866,420	867,008
Restricted	-	1,385,023	-	4,623,376	6,008,399
Committed	3,057,414	-	6,221,171	11,853,348	21,131,933
Assigned	2,053,023	-	-	108,028	2,161,051
Unassigned (deficits)	26,605,958	-	(11,783,362)	(260)	14,822,336
Total fund balances (deficits)	31,716,983	1,385,023	(5,562,191)	17,450,912	44,990,727
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 48,886,787	\$ 1,385,023	\$ 3,661,289	\$ 23,177,228	\$ 77,110,327

(Continued)

**Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2015**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 44,990,727
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental capital assets	\$ 646,003,003
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(313,600,464)</u>
Net capital assets	332,402,539
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:	
Net pension asset	210,389,981
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	3,393,516
Interest receivable on property taxes	1,221,408
Sewer assessments receivable	532,367
Sewer assessments interest receivable	43,539
Sewer usage receivable	110,851
Net deferred inflows/(outflows) due to pension related items	35,981,502
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.	12,289,587
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds and notes payable	(64,164,390)
Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds	(2,786,436)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(988,031)
Compensated absences	(7,303,304)
Landfill post closure care	(1,562,944)
Deferred charges on refunding	1,234,964
Other post-employment benefit obligations	<u>(28,307,518)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)	<u><u>\$ 537,478,358</u></u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) -
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

	General	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 132,636,470	\$ -	\$ 21,158	\$ 3,626	\$ 132,661,254
Interest and lien fees on delinquent taxes and assessments	953,500	-	-	-	953,500
Licenses, permits and fees	987,964	-	-	1,333,240	2,321,204
Intergovernmental	67,491,132	-	2,019,025	12,644,846	82,155,003
Charges for services	3,340,345	-	-	7,549,373	10,889,718
Income on investments	317,926	1,005	8,989	1,342,595	1,670,515
Miscellaneous	2,029,636	9,310	278,201	401,425	2,718,572
Total revenues	207,756,973	10,315	2,327,373	23,275,105	233,369,766
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	5,804,006	-	-	1,094,386	6,898,392
Public Safety	22,601,181	-	-	1,756,730	24,357,911
Public Works	13,611,452	-	-	6,745,047	20,356,499
Health and Welfare	6,273,480	-	-	1,724,488	7,997,968
Libraries	1,981,161	-	-	187,385	2,168,546
Parks and Recreation	2,341,822	-	-	197,184	2,539,006
Education	104,561,451	-	-	13,926,871	118,488,322
Citywide:					
Employee benefits and pensions	3,107,573	-	-	-	3,107,573
Insurance	30,653,291	-	-	-	30,653,291
Miscellaneous	768,352	-	-	-	768,352
Capital outlay	-	-	8,324,692	-	8,324,692
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	6,186,000	286,551	-	6,472,551
Interest and fiscal charges	-	2,439,622	47,282	-	2,486,904
Total expenditures	191,703,769	8,625,622	8,658,525	25,632,091	234,620,007
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	16,053,204	(8,615,307)	(6,331,152)	(2,356,986)	(1,250,241)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	5,947	9,271,615	4,551,622	5,685,071	19,514,255
Transfers out	(15,268,312)	(300,000)	(577,661)	(3,368,282)	(19,514,255)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,262,365)	8,971,615	3,973,961	2,316,789	-
Net change in fund balances	790,839	356,308	(2,357,191)	(40,197)	(1,250,241)
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	30,926,144	1,028,715	(3,205,000)	17,491,109	46,240,968
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 31,716,983	\$ 1,385,023	\$ (5,562,191)	\$ 17,450,912	\$ 44,990,727

**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV) \$ (1,250,241)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay	11,076,712
Depreciation expense	(12,613,411)
Loss on disposal	(3,762)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	792,516
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	(163,592)
Sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change	(360,633)
Sewer assessment interest receivable- accrual basis change	21,539
Sewer usage receivable- accrual basis change	110,851
Net pension asset	(32,706,689)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond principal payments	6,472,610
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(173,036)
Accrued interest	31,969
Bond premiums amortization	321,564

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	92,696
Other post-employment benefits	(2,685,518)
Landfill post closure care	51,056
Deferred inflows/outflows related pension items	35,981,502

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

1,561,587

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

\$ 6,557,720

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2015**

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,601,905	\$ 25,528,561
Investments	4,733,548	-
Receivables, net	1,452,288	26,526
Due from other funds	-	344,999
Inventories	184,843	-
Other assets	2,096	-
Total current assets	7,974,680	25,900,086
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets:		
Assets not being depreciated	3,429,368	-
Assets being depreciated, net	20,247,190	-
Total noncurrent assets	23,676,558	-
Total assets	31,651,238	25,900,086
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred charge on refunding	113,941	-
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts and other payables	467,346	3,898
Payroll liabilities	62,788	-
Customer deposits	102,356	-
Unearned revenues	-	67,672
Compensated absences - current	49,576	-
Bonds payable - current	508,795	-
Notes payable - current	21,011	-
Unpaid claims - current	-	7,374,534
Total current liabilities	1,211,872	7,446,104
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated absences	247,489	-
Bonds payable	2,627,069	-
Notes payable	495,225	-
Unpaid claims	-	6,164,395
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,369,783	6,164,395
Total liabilities	4,581,655	13,610,499
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	20,654,635	-
Unrestricted	6,528,889	12,289,587
Total net position	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 12,289,587

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in
Net Position - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
(In Thousands)**

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 6,972,853	\$ 39,663,006
Contributions	-	30,085
Miscellaneous	372,091	719,856
Total operating revenues	7,344,944	40,412,947
Operating Expenses		
Source of supply	231,785	-
Pumping	269,636	-
Purification	962,098	-
Transmission and distribution	1,854,006	-
Customer accounts, administrative and general	2,192,457	-
Depreciation	1,007,624	-
Taxes other than income taxes	507,162	-
Insurance claims, premiums and fees	-	38,880,741
Total operating expenses	7,024,768	38,880,741
Operating income	320,176	1,532,206
Nonoperating Income (Expense)		
Income (Loss) on investments	(100,668)	29,381
Interest expense	(134,522)	-
Amortization of debt discount and expense	(7,785)	-
Total nonoperating income (expense)	(242,975)	29,381
Net income before capital contributions and transfers	77,201	1,561,587
Capital Contributions	702,323	-
Change in net position	779,524	1,561,587
Fund Net Position, Beginning	26,404,000	10,728,000
Fund Net Position, Ending	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 12,289,587

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from charges for services and contributions	\$ 6,617,916	\$ 39,636,480
Cash received from other operating revenue	-	749,941
Cash paid to employees	(2,185,604)	-
Cash paid to suppliers	(4,009,184)	-
Cash payment for claims paid	-	(35,426,242)
Deposits paid back to customers	-	-
Cash paid for interfund services used	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	423,128	4,960,179
Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities		
Capital cash contributions received	702,323	-
Purchase of capital assets/utility plant	(265,182)	-
Issuance of bonds and notes	-	-
Principal payments bonds/notes	(489,900)	-
Interest payments	(124,248)	-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(177,007)	-
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Income on investments	784	29,381
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	246,905	4,989,560
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,355,000	20,219,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,601,905	\$ 25,208,560
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 320,176	\$ 1,532,206
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,007,624	-
(increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(129,288)	(26,526)
Increase (decrease) in provision for uncollectible accounts	-	-
(Increase) decrease in inventory	73,157	-
(Increase) decrease in other assets	7,904	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(257,654)	(92,102)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	-	62,672
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	15,788	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(8,935)	-
Increase (decrease) in unpaid claims	-	3,483,929
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(584,644)	-
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	(21,000)	-
Increase (decrease) in due to (from) other funds	-	-
Total adjustments	\$ 102,952	\$ 3,427,973
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 423,128	\$ 4,960,179

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2015

	Pension Trust Funds	OPEB Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,716,837	\$ 513,505	\$ 608,303
Investments, at fair value:			
Certificates of deposit	-	-	115,362
Corporate bonds	50,063,542	-	-
U.S. Treasury	49,414,204	-	-
U.S. government agencies	3,706,525	-	-
Securitized instruments	21,711,221	-	-
Alternative Investments	136,295,579	-	-
Common stock	233,416,066	-	-
Mutual funds	84,364,222	4,709,335	-
Total investments	578,971,359	4,709,335	115,362
Receivables, net	1,201	\$ -	-
Total assets	590,689,397	5,222,840	723,665
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	51,412	-	5,935
Due to senior citizens	-	-	49,173
Due to student groups	-	-	668,557
Due to other funds	251,000	-	-
Total liabilities	302,412	-	723,665
Net Position			
Restricted for pension benefits	590,386,985	-	-
Restricted for OPEB benefits	-	5,222,840	-
Total net position	\$ 590,386,985	\$ 5,222,840	\$ -

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position -
Pension Trust Funds and OPEB Trust Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

	Pension Trust Funds	OPEB Trust Funds
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 127,325	\$ 787,027
Plan members	2,419,096	-
Total contributions	<u>2,546,421</u>	<u>787,027</u>
Investment Income:		
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(10,603,647)	(11,606)
Interest and dividends	10,496,827	17,322
Total investment income	<u>(106,820)</u>	<u>5,716</u>
Less investment expense	(435,895)	-
Net investment (loss) income	<u>(542,715)</u>	<u>5,716</u>
Deductions		
Benefits	21,687,626	-
Administration	3,699,511	9,903
Other	(416)	-
Total deductions	<u>25,386,721</u>	<u>9,903</u>
Increase (decrease) in net position	(23,383,015)	782,840
Net Position Restricted for Benefits		
Beginning of year	<u>613,770,000</u>	<u>4,440,000</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 590,386,985</u>	<u>\$ 5,222,840</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The City was incorporated in 1911. Its legal authority is derived from Chapter Ninety-nine (99) of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut and Number 352 of the Special Acts of 1911. The City has operated under the Council-Mayor form of government since 1911. Services provided include education, water, sewer, refuse, streets and drainage, recreation and parks, planning and zoning, community development, human services, police and fire protection. The accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section 2100 have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of one discretely presented component unit as detailed below.

Discretely presented component unit: The Bristol-Burlington Health District (the District) was formed on July 1, 1979 as a health district under Section 19-106 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut as a legally separate entity. The City appoints a majority of the District's governing six-member board once every three years. Although it is legally separate from the City of Bristol, the District is presented discretely as it is fiscally dependent upon the City. The City contributes almost eighty percent (80%) of the District's annual operating budget. Additionally, if the District were to dissolve, according to state statute the District would immediately become a department of the City. The District does not provide services primarily to the City of Bristol, but to its citizens. A complete set of financial statements may be obtained at the District's office located at 240 Stafford Avenue, Bristol, Connecticut 06010.

Related organization:

Bristol Downtown Development Corporation: The Bristol Downtown Development Corporation (the Corporation) was formed on April 5, 2007. The Corporation is a nonstock corporation organized pursuant to the Non-Stock Corporation act, Connecticut General Statute Section 33-1000 as a separate entity. All Directors are nominated by the Mayor and approved by vote of the City Council. During the current year, the City transferred \$30,000 to the Corporation.

Joint Venture

14 Municipalities collectively referred to as the "Contracting Communities" operated under the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee (BRRFOC) which expired in 2014. Each municipality has individually contracted with the Company through a collective agreement through 2034.

Accounting standards adopted in the current year and restatement of net position: The City adopted *GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and its amendment, *GASB Statement No. 71*, was implemented on July 1, 2014. This statement revised and established new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. Among other requirements, Statement No. 68 required governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability (asset) for the first time and calls for immediate recognition of more pension expense (revenue) than is currently required. The implementation of this statement resulted in additional disclosures as shown in Note 9. The adoption of this standard also requires additional disclosures for the Teacher's Retirement.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Refer to the effects on the City's financial statements in Notes 9 and 16.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred except for debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension obligations, landfill post-closure monitoring, claims and judgments, pollution remediation and other post-employment benefits which are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

Property taxes, when levied for, intergovernmental revenues when eligibility requirements are met, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual (measurable) and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds or Trust Funds).

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Bristol Water Department.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the risk management activities of the City.

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City Pension Plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified City employees.

The OPEB Trust Funds account for the activities of the City other post-employment benefits, which accumulate resources for health related benefit payments to qualified City employees.

The Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in an agent capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds include Senior Citizens Activity Fund and School Activity Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain City functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Functional expenses in the statement of activities include certain indirect expenses, such as employee benefits, pension and insurance. These expenses are allocated to governmental activity functions based on total salary expenses for each function.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund are charges for sales and services and of the City's internal service funds are charges from participants and premiums from the City. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. For the internal service funds, expenses represent claims paid. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments: Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices, except as disclosed in the following paragraphs.

The *Pension Funds* allow for investments in certain alternative investments. Alternative investments may include private equity partnerships; infrastructure limited partnerships, hedge and absolute return funds for which there may be no ready market to determine fair value. These investments are valued using the most recent valuation available from the external fund manager. These estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that will ultimately be realized upon the disposition of those assets, which may be materially higher or lower than values determined if a ready market for the securities existed.

The Connecticut State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund is an investment pool managed by the State of Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. Investments must be made in instruments authorized by Connecticut General Statutes 3-27c through 3-27e. Investment guidelines are adopted by the State Treasurer. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Investments in 2a7 like pools are stated at amortized cost.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

Property taxes: Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and levied on the following July 1. Taxes are due in four installments on July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1. Liens are recorded during the month of June.

Cash equivalents: The City considers all highly liquid investments and those with original maturities of three months or less, when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Allowance for doubtful accounts: Accounts receivables, property tax receivables and notes receivable for the primary government are reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$5,100,000. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon past collection history and an assessment of the creditor's ability to pay.

Inventories and prepaid items: All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25-30
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	10-65

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs.

These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). The City reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental fund balance sheet. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. The amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, interest on property taxes, and sewer use charges. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

Compensated absences: A limited amount of vacation time earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment. Vacation leave is reported using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. Sick leave accruals are also based on current salary costs as well as salary-related payments.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Eligible City employees earn 5 to 25 days of sick leave per year and 5 to 20 days of vacation per year depending on employees' length of service. A maximum of 200 days of sick leave and 40 days of vacation leave may be accrued. An employee leaving the employ of the City is entitled to be paid for all unused vacation and a maximum of 90 days or 45% of sick leave upon retirement.

Board of Education employees earn 10 to 20 days of sick leave per year. Maximum sick leave accrual varies by bargaining units from 180 to 275 days. Board of Education employees, with the exception of teachers, earn 5 to 20 days of vacation leave that cannot be accrued and must be used within the fiscal year it was earned. Upon termination, Board of Education employees are paid for all unused vacation leave. Unused sick leave is paid only on retirement to a maximum of 30% depending on bargaining units.

Compensated absences to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for the amounts that have become due. Amounts for compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Net pension liability (asset): The net pension liability (asset) is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability (asset) is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Pension accounting:

Pension trust funds: Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental funds and governmental activities In governmental funds, expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources. In governmental activities, expense is recognized based on actuarially required contributions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Retirement Plans and additions to/deductions from the Retirement Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Retirement Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

Funding Policy: The City funds the contributions to its pension plans based on the actuarial required contribution and terms of union contracts.

Other post-employment obligations (opec) accounting:

Governmental funds and governmental activities: In governmental funds, expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources. In governmental activities, expense is recognized based on actuarially required contributions. The net OPEB obligation, the cumulative difference between annual OPEB cost and the City's contributions to the plan since July 1, 2008, is calculated on an actuarial basis consistent with the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45. The OPEB obligation (OPEB) is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Funding policy: The City makes annual contributions based upon decisions of the City Council. However, effective July 1, 2014, the City Council adopted an OPEB Funding Policy requiring annual funding with incremental increases of 5% over the annual pay-as-you-go funding levels with the goal of prefunding the OPEB obligation and eliminating the annual funding gap.

Fund equity: Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets: This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position: These amounts are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted net position: This category represents the net position of the City, which are not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as “fund balance” and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable fund balance: This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted fund balance: These amounts are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Committed fund balance: This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (City Board of Finance). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the Board of Finance (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

Assigned fund balance: This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Finance, which has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

Unassigned fund balance: This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a residual fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary information: The City adopts an annual operating budget for the General Fund only. The following details the procedures relating to the General Fund budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

The City Charter requires the Board of Finance to submit a recommended operating budget to the City Council 15 days prior to the third Monday in May. The budget provides a financial plan for the year and contains estimates of anticipated revenues and proposed expenditures. After at least one public hearing on the recommended budget, the Board of Finance and City Council (Joint Board) may adopt a final budget for the year.

In practice, the budget is submitted to the Board of Finance in February. A series of work sessions is held to review the budget and is followed by one or more public hearings. The final budget, which includes the annual property tax levy, is then approved.

Appropriations for the General Fund lapse at June 30 of each year. All other program appropriations do not lapse at year end.

The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis, except for encumbrances, by function, activity and object. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the object level within a department. The Board of Finance has the power to approve budget revisions during the year up to \$5,000 (amount not rounded). Revisions in excess of \$5,000 require Joint Board approval. All budget revisions must be approved. Additional appropriations in the amount of approximately \$9,067,000 were approved during the fiscal year.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are included in either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of restriction in accordance with GAAP since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Also, in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 24, the City has reported on-behalf payments made by the State of Connecticut into the teachers' retirement system in the Governmental Funds.

Budgets for Special Revenue Funds are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the various grant agreements and/or legal provisions that control the expenditure of such funds. Since such budgets are adopted on a program basis, it is not practicable to present the results of budgetary operations at the combined level. Special Revenue Funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis.

Appropriations for the Capital Projects Funds do not lapse at the end of the fiscal year, but continue until the completion of the applicable project.

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Deposits:

Deposit custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures, \$60,522,992 of the City's bank balance of \$69,596,670 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2015, the entire amount of the component unit's deposits was covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash equivalents: Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. As of June 30, 2015, the cash equivalent amounted to \$12,206,373. The following table provides summary of the City's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	<u>Standard & Poor's</u>
State of Connecticut Short-term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Cash, cash equivalents and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:	
Statement of Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 83,108,273
Investments	<u>13,038,271</u>
Total statement of net position	<u>96,146,544</u>
Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	12,838,645
Investments	<u>583,796,056</u>
	<u>596,634,701</u>
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	<u><u>\$ 692,781,245</u></u>

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Investments as of June 30, 2015 in all funds are as follows:

Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (Years)		
			Less Than 1	1-10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:					
U.S. treasury bonds	Aaa	\$ 49,414,204	14,217,372	27,981,566	7,215,266
U.S. government agencies	Aaa	4,521,015	1,096,522	3,424,493	-
Corporate bonds	Aa1-Aa3	5,203,704	-	4,178,156	1,025,548
Corporate bonds	A1-A3	15,886,266	-	14,418,657	1,467,609
Corporate bonds	Baa1-Baa3	23,058,992	1,831,763	20,601,413	625,816
Corporate bonds	Ba1-Ba3	3,632,367	-	3,632,367	-
Corporate bonds	B1-B3	2,282,213	-	2,282,213	-
Securitized instruments	Aaa	21,711,221	-	2,613,616	19,097,605
Certificates of deposit	*	4,340,312	-	4,340,312	-
Total		130,050,294	17,145,657	83,472,793	29,431,844
Other investments					
Common stock		233,416,066			
Alternative Investments		136,295,579			
Mutual funds		97,072,388			
Total investments		\$ 596,834,327			

* Subject to coverage by federal depository insurance and collateralization.

Interest rate risk: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City nor the pension plans have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, the City includes asset allocation percentage ranges for its pension plans to assist in limiting interest rate risk.

Credit risk – investments: As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of Cities. The City has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as State Statutes.

Concentration of credit risk: The City nor the pension plans have a policy limiting investments in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments.

The following represents the investments in the pension plans that represent more than 5% of the plan's net position as of June 30, 2015:

Robeco Fund	\$36,142,537
Omega Overseas Partners, LTD	34,803,141

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

The City's individual investments in fixed income securities, equities, U.S treasury securities, domestic corporate bonds, foreign bonds, and U.S government agency securities are uninsured and registered securities held by a counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that are in the City's or Pension Plan's name. The City's other investments are held in alternative investments which, because they are evidenced by contracts rather than by securities, are not subject to custodial credit risk determination.

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Water Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor and Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receivables					
Taxes	\$ 3,685,061		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,685,061
Interest	1,221,408	-	30,485	-	1,251,893
Accounts	395,605	1,479	1,472,065	456,299	2,325,448
Special assessments	-	-	119,177	575,906	695,083
Intergovernmental	358,918	3,659,810	-	1,847,591	5,866,319
Gross receivables	5,660,992	3,661,289	1,621,727	2,879,796	13,823,804
Less allowance for uncollectibles	310,000	-	169,439	100,000	579,439
Net total receivables	\$ 5,350,992	\$ 3,661,289	\$ 1,452,288	\$ 2,779,796	\$ 13,244,365

Total uncollectible amounts are as follows:

General Fund	
Uncollectibles related to taxes receivable	\$ 300,000
Uncollectibles related to accounts receivable	10,000
Water Enterprise Fund	
Uncollectibles related to accounts receivable	169,439
Nonmajor and Other Funds	
Uncollectibles related to sewer usage receivables	100,000
Total uncollectibles of the current fiscal year	\$ 579,439

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Primary government:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 18,359,040	\$ 717,860	\$ (386,162)	\$ -	\$ 18,690,738
Construction in progress	91,029,574	6,016,117	(83,140,910)	(40,845)	13,863,936
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	109,388,614	6,733,977	(83,527,072)	(40,845)	32,554,674
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	200,341,792	79,529,169	(325,000)	40,845	279,586,806
Improvements other than buildings	15,968,202	-	-	(40,845)	15,927,357
Machinery and equipment	70,682,026	3,009,039	(977,514)	-	72,713,551
Infrastructure	240,277,152	5,331,723	(429,105)	40,845	245,220,615
Total capital assets being depreciated	527,269,172	87,869,931	(1,731,619)	40,845	613,448,329
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(110,868,000)	(4,419,410)	324,675	-	(114,962,735)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,331,000)	(2,582,768)	-	-	(7,913,768)
Machinery and equipment	(52,080,000)	(2,621,232)	974,167	-	(53,727,065)
Infrastructure	(134,436,000)	(2,990,001)	429,105	-	(136,996,896)
Total accumulated depreciation	(302,715,000)	(12,613,411)	1,727,947	-	(313,600,464)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	224,554,172	75,256,520	(3,672)	40,845	299,847,865
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 333,942,786	\$ 81,990,497	\$ (83,530,744)	\$ -	\$ 332,402,539
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,752,140	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,752,140
Construction in progress	568,840	108,388	-	-	677,228
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,320,980	108,388	-	-	3,429,368
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and system	36,825,419	26,441	-	-	36,851,860
Machinery and equipment	6,070,253	137,364	(11,344)	-	6,196,273
Total capital assets, being depreciated	42,895,672	163,805	(11,344)	-	43,048,133
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and system	(18,375,150)	(775,617)	-	-	(19,150,767)
Machinery and equipment	(3,423,000)	(232,007)	4,831	-	(3,650,176)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,798,150)	(1,007,624)	4,831	-	(22,800,943)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,097,522	(843,819)	(6,513)	-	20,247,190
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,418,502	\$ (735,431)	\$ (6,513)	\$ -	\$ 23,676,558

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 328,128
Public Safety	953,117
Public Works	6,693,676
Health and Welfare	6,444
Libraries	565,099
Parks and Recreation	361,870
Education	3,705,077
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 12,613,411
Business-type activities	
Water	\$ 1,007,624

Construction commitments: The City has several active construction projects as of June 30, 2015. The following is a summary of capital projects (in thousands) as of June 30, 2015:

	Project Authorization	Cumulative Expenditures
Schools	\$ 125,602	\$ 105,255
Streets, bridges and building improvements	74,951	56,871
Capital and nonrecurring	59,141	37,824
Total	\$ 259,694	\$ 199,950

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

Discretely presented component units: Activity for the Bristol-Burlington Health District for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 239,000	\$ 10,921	\$ -	\$ 249,921
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	(189,000)	(17,633)	-	(206,633)
District capital assets, net	\$ 50,000	\$ (6,712)	\$ -	\$ 43,288

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2015, interfund receivables and payables were comprised of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 877,035
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	106,759
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	78,468
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	15,531
Internal Service Funds	Pension Trust Funds	251,000
Total		\$ 1,328,793

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement-type transactions. All balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

Interfund transfers:

	Transfers in				Total Transfers Out
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	
Transfers out					
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 8,693,954	\$ 889,295	\$ 5,685,063	\$ 15,268,312
Debt Service Fund			300,000		300,000
Capital Projects Fund	-	577,661	-	-	577,661
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	5,947	-	3,362,327	8	3,368,282
Total transfers in	\$ 5,947	\$ 9,271,615	\$ 4,551,622	\$ 5,685,071	\$ 19,514,255

Transfers are for regularly recurring operational transfers. Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund to pay for principal and interest on debt, 2) supplement revenues of other funds such as the Capital Projects Fund for the projects that have been closed out.

Note 7. Leases

Operating leases: The City leases computers under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$724,367 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2016	\$ 703,862
2017	576,975
2018	268,430
2019	1,582

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities: Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds and loans payable:					
General obligation bonds and Clean Water Fund loans	\$ 70,637,000	\$ -	\$ 6,472,610	\$ 64,164,390	\$ 6,469,395
Premium on general obligation bonds	3,108,000	-	321,564	2,786,436	-
Total bonds payable	73,745,000	-	6,794,174	66,950,826	6,469,395
Compensated absences	7,396,000	505,940	598,636	7,303,304	1,119,450
Landfill post closure care	1,614,000	11,944	63,000	1,562,944	63,000
Net OPEB obligation	25,622,000	2,685,518	-	28,307,518	-
Unpaid claims	10,055,000	38,880,741	35,396,812	13,538,929	7,374,534
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 118,432,000	\$ 42,084,143	\$ 42,852,622	\$ 117,663,521	\$ 15,026,379
Business-type Activities					
Bonds and loans payable:					
General obligation bonds and Clean Water Fund loans	\$ 3,430,000	\$ -	\$ 479,000	\$ 2,951,000	\$ 483,000
Premium on general obligation bonds	211,000	-	26,136	184,864	25,795
Notes payable	501,000	50,635	35,399	516,236	21,011
Total bonds payable and notes payable	4,142,000	50,635	540,535	3,652,100	529,806
Compensated absences	306,000	15,888	24,823	297,065	49,576
Total business-type activities	\$ 4,448,000	\$ 66,523	\$ 565,358	\$ 3,949,165	\$ 579,382
Component Unit					
Compensated absences	\$ 125,000	\$ 12,806	\$ 46,344	\$ 91,462	\$ 63,658

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and OPEB obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Bond anticipation notes: Bond anticipation notes payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Description	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate %	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Bond anticipation notes	01/28/14	10/27/14	1.00%	\$ 5,300,000	\$ -	\$ 5,300,000	\$ -
Bond anticipation notes	10/27/14	07/23/15	1.00%	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Total				\$ 5,300,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,300,000	\$ 5,000,000

Bond anticipation notes payable are issued to finance purchase of land, demolition and other work at the Bristol Centre Mall site.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2015 were comprised of the following:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate %	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2015
General City bonds					
General improvement:					
2009	02/15/09	02/15/17	2.00-4.18	\$ 8,515,000	\$ 5,305,000
2011	06/27/11	08/01/30	2.00-4.00	8,637,000	7,272,000
2012 refunding	08/11/11	07/15/22	3.00-5.00	15,589,000	13,713,000
Total general improvement bonds					<u>26,290,000</u>
School:					
2005 refunding	06/15/05	10/15/18	2.70-5.00	10,635,000	3,820,000
2009	02/15/09	02/15/17	2.00-4.18	385,000	245,000
2011	06/27/11	08/01/30	2.00-4.00	25,550,000	21,515,000
2012 refunding	08/11/11	07/15/22	3.00-5.00	6,234,000	5,544,000
Total school bonds					<u>31,124,000</u>
Sewers:					
2011	06/27/11	08/01/30	2.00-4.00	5,400,000	<u>4,545,000</u>
Capital projects funds:					
Clean water fund notes 498-D/C	06/30/02	06/30/21	2.00	1,483,000	503,718
Clean water fund notes 415-D/C	06/30/02	06/30/21	2.00	1,410,000	478,615
Clean water fund notes 504-C	12/31/03	12/31/22	2.00	1,488,000	622,788
Clean water fund notes 562-C	11/30/04	11/30/23	2.00	694,000	323,126
Clean water fund notes 464-C	05/31/06	03/31/26	2.00	470,000	277,143
Total capital projects level debt					<u>2,205,390</u>
Total general city serial bonds and clean water fund loans					<u>64,164,390</u>
Water Department					
Enterprise fund bonds:					
Water 2005 refunding	06/15/05	10/15/18	2.70-5.00	2,315,000	395,000
Water 2011	06/27/11	08/01/30	2.00-4.00	813,000	678,000
Water 2012 refunding	08/11/11	07/15/22	3.00-5.00	2,112,000	1,878,000
Total water fund bonds					<u>2,951,000</u>
Water 2014 notes	12/31/14	12/31/33	2.00	501,000	<u>516,236</u>
Total water department enterprise fund bonds and notes					<u>3,467,236</u>
Total indebtedness					<u><u>\$ 67,631,626</u></u>

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

Notes and bonds payable are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the City. The annual requirements to pay long-term obligations at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

General Fund	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 5,892,000	\$ 2,017,674	\$ 7,909,674
2017	5,887,000	1,792,568	7,679,568
2018	5,866,000	1,586,469	7,452,469
2019	5,851,000	1,387,945	7,238,945
2020	4,916,000	1,187,853	6,103,853
2021-2025	18,213,000	3,467,609	21,680,609
2026-2030	8,991,000	1,247,380	10,238,380
2031-2032	1,798,000	35,960	1,833,960
Total	\$ 57,414,000	\$ 12,723,458	\$ 70,137,458

Sewer Operating and Assessment Fund	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 285,000	\$ 152,728	\$ 437,728
2017	285,000	141,328	426,328
2018	283,000	132,798	415,798
2019	283,000	125,723	408,723
2020	283,000	115,818	398,818
2021-2025	1,417,000	443,538	1,860,538
2026-2030	1,424,000	197,701	1,621,701
2031-2032	285,000	5,700	290,700
Total	\$ 4,545,000	\$ 1,315,334	\$ 5,860,334

Capital Projects Fund	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 292,335	\$ 41,498	\$ 333,833
2017	298,235	35,597	333,832
2018	304,255	29,578	333,833
2019	310,396	23,436	333,832
2020	316,661	17,171	333,832
2021-2025	665,206	21,716	686,922
2026-2030	18,302	178	18,480
Total	\$ 2,205,390	\$ 169,174	\$ 2,374,564

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

Water Enterprise Fund - Bonds	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 483,000	\$ 106,050	\$ 589,050
2017	478,000	87,123	565,123
2018	281,000	72,655	353,655
2019	281,000	62,045	343,045
2020	281,000	51,015	332,015
2021-2025	895,000	104,668	999,668
2026-2030	210,000	29,138	239,138
2031-2032	42,000	840	42,840
Total	\$ 2,951,000	\$ 513,534	\$ 3,464,534

Water Enterprise Fund - Notes	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 21,011	\$ 9,120	\$ 30,131
2017	21,435	8,696	30,131
2018	21,867	8,263	30,130
2019	22,309	7,822	30,131
2020	22,759	7,372	30,131
2021-2025	120,875	29,780	150,655
2026-2030	133,576	17,078	150,654
2031-2032	101,769	3,688	105,457
Total	\$ 465,601	\$ 91,819	\$ 557,420

The City does not have any overlapping debt as of June 30, 2015.

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as established by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule (in thousands):

Category	Debt Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 300,845,250	\$ 41,528,459	\$ 259,316,791
Schools	601,690,500	33,697,000	567,993,500
Sewers	501,408,750	5,055,000	496,353,750
Urban renewal	434,554,250	-	434,554,250
Pension deficit	401,127,000	-	401,127,000

The total overall statutory debt limit for the City is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$935,963,000.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding. Bonds authorized but not issued are as follows:

General purpose	\$ 8,033,000
Schools	103,186,000
Sewers	510,000
	<u>\$ 111,729,000</u>

Additionally, net indebtedness is reduced by State of Connecticut grant commitments in the amount of \$100,613,000.

Note 9. Landfill Closure

The City entered into a landfill lease agreement with Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc. (the Company), now known as Covanta, Bristol, Inc. (Covanta), whereby the City leased to the Company a landfill adjacent to the facility site in the City. The City is currently collecting fees for the interim period until the official Certificate of Closure is issued. Further, the Company, pursuant to a service agreement with BRRFOC has passed all costs of properly closing the City's landfill site to the Committee and the related contracting communities. Solid waste landfill closure and post closure care requirements have been established by the State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection Agency and the Federal Environmental Protection Agency. The costs associated with monitoring and maintaining the landfill area during the post closure period are the responsibility of the City. The projected costs of this post closure period is \$1,562,944 as of June 30, 2015. These projected costs could be impacted by future inflation and regulations. The landfill was closed prior to July 1, 2002. Between 1979 and 1983 one part of the site received metal hydroxide slurry from local metal plating companies. This area was closed in 1986 and covered with a membrane cap as required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

Note 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks but has chosen to retain the risks for employee health and medical claims. The City has also retained risk for workers' compensation claims for fiscal years July 1, 1985 through June 30, 1998 and July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2011. The Health Benefits and Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report this self-insurance activity. CIGNA administers the medical, Medco administers the prescription and Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield administers the dental plan, for which the City pays a fee. All funds of the City contribute to the Internal Service Fund based upon actuarial and insurance carrier estimates. The claims liability of \$13,538,929 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2015 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

	Liability July 1,	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payment	Liability June 30,
2013-2014	\$ 12,626,000	\$ 33,735,000	\$ 36,306,000	\$ 10,055,000
2014-2015	10,055,000	38,880,741	35,396,812	13,538,929

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Risk Management (Continued)

Settled claims for all types of commercial coverage have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 11. Fund Balance (Deficits)

The components of fund balance (deficits) for the governmental funds at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances (Deficits)					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,023	\$ 49,023
Prepays	588	-	-	2,315	2,903
Trust purpose	-	-	-	815,082	815,082
Total non-spendable	588	-	-	866,420	867,008
Restricted:					
Grants	-	-	-	4,623,376	4,623,376
Debt service	-	1,385,023	-	-	1,385,023
Total restricted	-	1,385,023	-	4,623,376	6,008,399
Committed:					
Landfill closure	557,414	-	1,851,096	-	2,408,510
Compensated absences	2,500,000	-	-	178,948	2,678,948
Capital and nonrecurring	-	-	1,124,973	-	1,124,973
Capital and nonrecurring WPCA	-	-	3,245,102	-	3,245,102
Equipment	-	-	-	4,865,120	4,865,120
Education	-	-	-	787,257	787,257
Manross Memorial Library	-	-	-	618,320	618,320
Sewer	-	-	-	4,064,769	4,064,769
Solid waste disposal	-	-	-	345,378	345,378
Pine Lake challenge course	-	-	-	94,600	94,600
Transfer station	-	-	-	177,901	177,901
Open space	-	-	-	4,021	4,021
Centre mall	-	-	-	422,320	422,320
Trust purpose	-	-	-	294,714	294,714
Total committed	3,057,414	-	6,221,171	11,853,348	21,131,933
Assigned:					
Subsequent year's budget	195,000	-	-	-	195,000
General government	1,302,239	-	-	108,028	1,410,267
General government encumbrances	23,352	-	-	-	23,352
Public Safety encumbrances	36,338	-	-	-	36,338
Public Works encumbrances	456,782	-	-	-	456,782
Libraries encumbrances	21,992	-	-	-	21,992
Parks and Recreation encumbrances	2,922	-	-	-	2,922
Miscellaneous encumbrances	14,398	-	-	-	14,398
Total assigned	2,053,023	-	-	108,028	2,161,051
Unassigned	26,605,958	-	(11,783,362)	(260)	14,822,336
Total unassigned	26,605,958	-	(11,783,362)	(260)	14,822,336
Total fund balances (deficits)	\$ 31,716,983	\$ 1,385,023	\$ (5,562,191)	\$ 17,450,912	\$ 44,990,727

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12. Contingent Liabilities

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits. Based on Counsel's review of all asserted claims for damages, the City is of the opinion that resolution of all lawsuits against the City will not significantly affect its financial position.

The City participates in a number of State and Federal grant programs that are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement of expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. As of June 30, 2015, the City is of the opinion that such reimbursements in respect of disallowed expenditures, if any, will not be significant.

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan description: The City provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees in accordance with City Council resolutions and bargaining agreements. All regular active employees who retire directly from the City and meet eligibility criteria may participate. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the various unions representing the employees. The other postemployment benefits plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this program.

At July 1, 2014, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree Healthcare Plan
Active plan members	1,517
Retired members	496
Total participants	2,013

Funding policy: The City has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the postemployment benefits. The fund is reported as a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligations: The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

	Retiree Healthcare Plan
Annual required contribution	\$ 7,008,204
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,281,092
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,666,738)
Annual OPEB cost	6,622,558
Contributions made	3,936,887
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,685,671
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	25,621,847
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 28,307,518

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation (asset) is presented below:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/2013	\$ 7,958,000	\$ 5,166,000	64.9%	\$ 24,139,000
6/30/2014	8,205,000	6,722,000	81.9%	25,621,847
6/30/2015	6,622,558	3,936,887	59.4%	28,307,518

Schedule of funding progress:

Schedule of Funding Progress						
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Valuation of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Funded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Percentage Funded (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
07/01/14	\$ 4,439,558	\$ 60,732,614	\$ (56,293,056)	7.3%	\$ 96,520,538	(58.3%)

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The ARC reflects a closed 30-year, level amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (AAL). The actuarial assumptions include a 5% investment rate of return and inflation rate of 3%. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 10% initially, grading down to 4.5% in year 2023 and thereafter.

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

Plan description: The City is the administrator of three single-employer Public Employee Retirement Systems (PERS) as presented below:

City of Bristol Retirement System	General City employees
Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Firefighter employees
Police Benefit Fund	Police employees

The PERS are considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and are included in the City's financial reports as pension trust funds. There are no stand-alone financial statements issued for the PERS. These plans were established and can be amended under the authority of the City Charter.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

The management of the City retirement system is vested in a retirement board consisting of ten (10) members, as follows: A member of the City Council, a member of the Board of Finance, the comptroller, the treasurer, three (3) electors of the City, none of whom shall be an officer or employee of the City, one elector of the City who shall be a member of the City's employees' local number 1338 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, one elector of the City who shall be a member of the City's employees' Bristol Professionals and Supervisors Association (BPSA), and the mayor, ex officio. All members, except the comptroller, the treasurer and the mayor, shall be nominated by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The members representing the City Council and the Board of Finance shall be appointed for terms of two (2) years and three (3) years, respectively. The others members of the retirement board shall be appointed for five-year terms. The term of office of each appointed member shall continue until a successor is appointed and has qualified. In the event of a vacancy on such board, such vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the member to be succeeded was appointed or elected. In no event shall any person remain a member of such retirement board except during the time he continues to be a member of the board or body from which he was appointed or elected.

**Combining Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015**

	Employee Retirement Funds			Total
	City Retirement System Fund	Firefighters' Benefits Fund	Police Benefit Fund	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 279,857	\$ 11,436,980	\$ 11,716,837
Investments	209,183,596	183,045,145	186,742,618	578,971,359
Receivables, net	1,201	-	-	1,201
Total assets	209,184,797	183,325,002	198,179,598	590,689,397
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	51,412	-	-	51,412
Due to other funds	500	500	250,000	251,000
Total liabilities	51,912	500	250,000	302,412
Net position				
Restricted for pension benefits	209,132,885	183,324,502	197,929,598	590,386,985
Total net position	\$ 209,132,885	\$ 183,324,502	\$ 197,929,598	\$ 590,386,985

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Employee Retirement Funds			
	City Retirement System Fund	Firefighters' Benefits Fund	Police Benefit Fund	Total
Additions				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 127,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,325
Plan members	1,722,863	252,503	443,730	2,419,096
Total contributions	1,850,188	252,503	443,730	2,546,421
Investment income:				
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(3,823,553)	(3,249,436)	(3,530,658)	(10,603,647)
Interest and dividends	3,785,574	3,216,525	3,494,728	10,496,827
Total investment income (loss)	(37,979)	(32,911)	(35,930)	(106,820)
Less investment expenses	(252,131)	(90,498)	(93,266)	(435,895)
Net investment income (loss)	(290,110)	(123,409)	(129,196)	(542,715)
Total additions	1,560,078	129,094	314,534	2,003,706
Deductions				
Benefits	12,404,563	3,775,198	5,507,865	21,687,626
Administration	1,339,891	1,132,507	1,227,113	3,699,511
Other	(261)	(113)	(42)	(416)
Total deductions	13,744,193	4,907,592	6,734,936	25,386,721
Change in net position	(12,184,115)	(4,778,498)	(6,420,402)	(23,383,015)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	221,317,000	188,103,000	204,350,000	613,770,000
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 209,132,885	\$ 183,324,502	\$ 197,929,598	\$ 590,386,985

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

At July 1, 2013, PERS membership consisted of:

	City of Bristol Retirement System	Firefighters' Benefits Fund	Police Benefit Fund
Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	520	97	115
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	63	2	1
Current employees	694	86	116
Total	1,277	185	232

The City of Bristol Retirement System covers all full-time employees (except firemen, policemen and teachers) who are under age 65 on their date of employment. The City provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of continuous service, if their contributions remain in the fund upon termination. Employees who retire at normal retirement (age plus service equal to 80, minimum age 55) receive a retirement benefit for life of 2.40% of average annual pay times number of completed years of service. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions and interest are refunded.

The City of Bristol Fire Benefit Fund covers all members of the Fire Department. The City provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all employees of the Fire Department are eligible to join. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of continuous service, if their contributions remain in the fund. Fire employees who retire at normal retirement (the earlier of age 65 or 25 years of continuous service) receive a retirement benefit for life of 70% of base pay (including $\frac{1}{4}$ of an employee's unused sick leave paid out at the time of retirement), adjusted for cost of living. The cost-of-living escalation is limited to a 2.25% increase per year. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions are refunded. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiations.

The City of Bristol Police Benefit Fund covers all members of the Police Department. The City provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all employees of the Police Department are eligible to join. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of continuous service, if their contributions remain in the fund upon termination. Police employees who retire at normal retirement (the earlier of age 65 or 25 years of continuous service) receive a retirement benefit for life of 70% of the compensation paid to the member in the year prior to retirement, adjusted for escalation. The pension benefit formula is 70% of a member's compensation (base pay). Base pay shall include $\frac{1}{4}$ of an employee's unused sick leave paid out at the time of retirement if applicable.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

The Plan also provides for automatic post-retirement increases on retiree pensions. The pension shall be adjusted by one-half of the pay increase awarded to a then-active member in the same grade as the retiree last held. The cost-of-living escalation is limited to a 2.25% increase per year. Member's contributions are returnable on termination or on death while active, or after retirement (less any benefits paid), provided in each case that no death benefits are otherwise payable.

Summary of significant accounting policies and plan asset matters:

Basis of accounting: Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans. Administrative costs of the plans are paid from pension fund resources.

Contributions: Employees covered under the City of Bristol Retirement System are required to contribute 6.0% of pay.

The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City was required to make a contribution of \$127,325. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by union contract and may be amended by union negotiations.

Fire employees are required to contribute 6% of their base pay to the PERS. After 25 years of service, employee contributions cease. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City was not required to make a contribution. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by union contract and may be amended by union negotiations.

Police employees are required to contribute 6% of their base pay to the PERS. After 25 years of service, employee contributions cease. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City was not required to make a contribution. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by union contract and may be amended by union negotiations.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Investments:

Investment policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Board. It is the policy of the Retirement Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2015:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>
Intermediate Term Bonds	21.3%
High Yield Bonds	7.6%
Large Cap US Equities	30.0%
Mid Cap US Equities	2.5%
Small Cap US Equities	2.5%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.6%
Emerging market Equities	7.5%
private Equities	5.0%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	10.0%
Total	100.0%

Rate of return: For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 0.52%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net pension liability (asset) of the City: The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the City at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	City of Bristol Retirement System	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund
Total pension liability	\$ 198,811,928	\$ 71,041,708	\$ 110,143,364
Plan fiduciary net position	209,132,881	183,324,500	197,929,600
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (10,320,953)	\$ (112,282,792)	\$ (87,786,236)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	105.19%	258.05%	179.70%

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	City of Bristol Retirement System		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/14	\$ 192,403,810	\$ 221,317,257	\$ (28,913,447)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	4,414,159	-	4,414,159
Interest on total pension liability	14,311,139	-	14,311,139
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	87,383	-	87,383
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(12,404,563)	(12,404,563)	-
Employer contributions	-	127,325	(127,325)
Member contributions	-	1,722,864	(1,722,864)
Net investment income	-	(1,630,002)	1,630,002
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Net changes	6,408,118	(12,184,376)	18,592,494
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 198,811,928	\$ 209,132,881	\$ (10,320,953)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Fire Benefit Fund		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/14	\$ 66,672,945	\$ 188,103,111	\$ (121,430,166)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,498,526	-	1,498,526
Interest on total pension liability	5,090,471	-	5,090,471
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	1,554,964	-	1,554,964
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(3,775,198)	(3,775,198)	-
Employer contributions	-	-	-
Member contributions	-	252,503	(252,503)
Net investment income	-	(1,255,916)	1,255,916
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Net changes	4,368,763	(4,778,611)	9,147,374
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 71,041,708	\$ 183,324,500	\$ (112,282,792)

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Police Benefit Fund		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/14	\$ 111,596,986	\$ 204,350,043	\$ (92,753,057)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,121,862	-	2,121,862
Interest on total pension liability	7,880,029	-	7,880,029
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(5,947,648)	-	(5,947,648)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(5,507,865)	(5,507,865)	-
Employer contributions	-	-	-
Member contributions	-	443,730	(443,730)
Net investment income	-	(1,356,308)	1,356,308
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Net changes	(1,453,622)	(6,420,443)	4,966,821
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 110,143,364	\$ 197,929,600	\$ (87,786,236)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	City of Bristol Retirement System	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases including inflation	Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.5%	Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.5%	Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.5%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality for Employees and Healthy with generational projection per Scale AA.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 30, 2006-June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	Long-term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Intermediate Term Bonds	2.20%	2.00%
High Yield Bonds	4.81%	4.25%
Large Cap US Equities	6.15%	4.75%
Mid Cap US Equities	7.42%	5.00%
Small Cap US Equities	7.42%	5.00%
Developed Foreign Equities	6.59%	5.75%
Emerging Market Equities	9.51%	5.25%
Private Equities	9.43%	5.75%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	4.05%	3.60%
Assumed Inflation - Mean	2.75%	2.75%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation	2.00%	2.00%
Portfolio Real Mean Return	-0.10%	-0.10%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return	8.20%	7.45%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		13.03%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return		7.50%

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City's Pension Plans, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's Pension Plans net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.50%	Current Discount Rate 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
Net pension liability (asset)			
City of Bristol Retirement System	\$ 11,335,445	\$ (10,320,953)	\$ (28,815,082)
Firefighters' Benefit Fund	(103,747,881)	(112,282,792)	(119,419,213)
Police Benefit Fund	(73,774,557)	(87,786,236)	(99,405,034)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the recognized pension expense is \$(3,147,488). As of June 30, 2015, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	City of Bristol Retirement System	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund	Total
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 14,272,130	\$ 12,187,149	\$ 13,196,871	\$ 39,656,150
Differences between expected and actual experience	72,053	1,326,293	-	1,398,346
Total	\$ 14,344,183	\$ 13,513,442	\$ 13,196,871	\$ 41,054,496
	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	City of Bristol Retirement System	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,072,994)	\$ (5,072,994)
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,072,994)	\$ (5,072,994)
Net deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources	\$ 14,344,183	\$ 13,513,442	\$ 8,123,877	\$ 35,981,502

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	City of Bristol Retirement System	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund	Total
2016	\$ 3,583,362	\$ 3,275,458	\$ 2,424,563	\$ 9,283,383
2017	3,583,362	3,275,458	2,424,564	9,283,384
2018	3,583,362	3,275,458	2,424,564	9,283,384
2019	3,583,364	3,275,459	2,424,564	9,283,387
2020	10,733	228,671	(874,654)	(635,250)
Thereafter*	-	182,938	(699,724)	(516,786)
Total	\$ 14,344,183	\$ 13,513,442	\$ 8,123,877	\$ 35,981,502

Connecticut state teachers' retirement system: Certified staff within the City's school system participate in a retirement system administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. This Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (the "System") is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension system with a special funding situation.

The System is considered a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained at www.ct.gov.

The System is administered under the provisions of Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes (CGS). Participation in the System is restricted to certified staff employed in the public schools of Connecticut and members of the professional staff of the State Department of Education or the board of Governors of Higher Education and their constituent units. Participation in the System is mandatory for certified personnel of local boards of education who are employed for an average of at least one-half of a school day. Members of the professional staff of the State Department of Education or the Board of Governors of Higher Education and their constituent units may elect to participate in this system, the State Employees' Retirement System, or the Alternate Retirement System (TIAA-CREF).

Summary of significant accounting policies: For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense associated with the State's requirement to contribute to the System, information about System's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The City has recorded, in the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$13,776,000 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on-behalf of the City. The City does not have any liability for teacher pensions.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits provided: The benefits provided to participants by the System are as follows:

Normal benefit: A member at age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut is eligible for vested benefits of 2% of average annual salary times years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary.)

Prorated benefit: A member who completes 10 years of Connecticut public school service is eligible for a vested benefit commencing at age 60. The benefit is 2% less 0.1% for each year less than 20 years of average annual salary times years of credited service.

Minimum benefit: Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly retirement benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the Normal Benefit provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement.

Contribution requirements: The pension contributions made by the State to the System are determined on an actuarial reserve basis as described in CGS Sections 10-1831 and 10-183z.

Participants are required to contribute 6.00% of their annual salary rate to the System as required by CGS Section 10-183b (7). For the 2014/2015 school year, \$3,958,891 mandatory contributions were deducted from the salaries of teachers who were participants of the System during that school year. The estimated covered payroll for the City is \$54,605,000.

Actuarial assumptions: The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2010. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following key actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.00 Percent
Salary increases, including inflation	3.75-7.00 Percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension investment expense, including inflation	8.50 Percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table RP-2000 projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large cap U.S. equities	21.0%	7.3%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	7.5%
Emerging Markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.6%
Core Fixed Income	7.0%	1.7%
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	4.8%
High Yield	5.0%	3.7%
Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	1.3%
Liquidity Fund	6.0%	0.4%
Real Estate	7.0%	5.9%
Private Equity	11.0%	10.9%
Alternative Investments	8.0%	0.7%

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.50 percent) than the current rate. The City has no obligation for the NPL.

	1% Decrease 7.50%	Current Discount Rate 8.50%	1% Increase 9.50%
State's share of NPL associated with the City	\$180,359,019	\$141,332,557	\$108,157,058

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources: The State makes all contributions to the System on behalf of employees of the participating districts. Therefore, participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity in the System. Since the districts do not contribute directly to the System, there is no net pension liability or deferred inflows or outflows to report in the financial statements of the City. The portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City was \$141,331,557 and 100% of the collective net pension liability is allocated to the State.

June 30, 2014 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. There were no changes in assumptions or benefits that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date.

The City recognized the total pension expense associated with the City as well as revenue in an amount equal to the non-employer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized \$10,603,983 as the amount expended by the State on behalf of the City to meet the State's funding requirements.

Note 15. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations:

- ***GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.*** This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.
- ***GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68,*** completes the suite of pension standards. Statement 73 establishes requirements for those pensions and pension plans that are not administered through a trust meeting specified criteria (in other words, those not covered by Statements 67 and 68). The requirements in Statement 73 for reporting pensions generally are the same as in Statement 68. However, the lack of a pension plan that is administered through a trust that meets specified criteria is reflected in the measurements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

Note 15. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- ***GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans***, addresses reporting by OPEB plans that administer benefits on behalf of governments. Statement 74 addresses the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The Statement follows the framework for financial reporting of defined benefit OPEB plans in Statement 45 by requiring a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The Statement requires more extensive note disclosures and RSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated, including information about the annual money-weighted rates of return on plan investments. Statement 74 also sets forth note disclosure requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.
- ***GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions***, addresses reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. Statement 75 requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide:
 - Governments that are responsible only for OPEB liabilities related to their own employees and that provide OPEB through a defined benefit OPEB plan administered through a trust that meets specified criteria will report a net OPEB liability—the difference between the total OPEB liability and assets accumulated in the trust and restricted to making benefit payments.
 - Governments that participate in a cost-sharing OPEB plan that is administered through a trust that meets the specified criteria will report a liability equal to their proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability for all entities participating in the cost-sharing plan.
 - Governments that do not provide OPEB through a trust that meets specified criteria will report the total OPEB liability related to their employees.

Statement 75 carries forward from Statement 45 the option to use a specified alternative measurement method in place of an actuarial valuation for purposes of determining the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through OPEB plans in which there are fewer than 100 plan members (active and inactive). This option was retained in order to reduce costs for smaller governments. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

- ***GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles For State and Local Governments***. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The “GAAP hierarchy” consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. Earlier application is permitted.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 15. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- ***GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures.*** Financial statements prepared by state and local governments in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles provide citizens and taxpayers, legislative and oversight bodies, municipal bond analysts, and others with information they need to evaluate the financial health of governments, make decisions, and assess accountability. This information is intended, among other things, to assist these users of financial statements in assessing (1) whether a government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services (known as interperiod equity), (2) whether a government complied with finance-related legal and contractual obligations, (3) where a government's financial resources come from and how it uses them, and (4) a government's financial position and economic condition and how they have changed over time. This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:
 - Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients
 - The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period
 - Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement.

Governments should organize those disclosures by major tax abatement program and may disclose information for individual tax abatement agreements within those programs. Tax abatement agreements of other governments should be organized by the government that entered into the tax abatement agreement and the specific tax being abated. Governments may disclose information for individual tax abatement agreements of other governments within the specific tax being abated. For those tax abatement agreements, a reporting government should disclose:

- The names of the governments that entered into the agreements
- The specific taxes being abated
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged.

- ***GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans.*** This standard narrows the scope and applicability of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan meeting specific criteria; establishes new guidance for these employers, including separate requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense or expenditures and liabilities, note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged.
- ***GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.*** This standard establishes new criteria to continue amortization cost accounting for certain external investment pools in light of recent changes to money market fund criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after beginning after June 15, 2015. Portfolio quality and monthly shadow pricing are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged.

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Restatement for Implementation of New Accounting Standard

The City's financial statements have been restated as of June 30, 2014. The restatement is a result of the implementation of *GASB Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*. Governmental Activities will show a restatement of net position for the beginning of the year net pension liability as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Net position, June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 293,602,968
Remove: June 30, 2014 net pension asset under GASB 27 before implementation of GASB Statement No. 68:	
City of Bristol Retirement System	1,278,000
Firefighters' Benefit Fund	1,682,000
Police Benefit Fund	2,819,000
Total	<u>5,779,000</u>
Add: Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68:	
Beginning net pension asset for:	
City of Bristol Retirement System	28,913,447
Firefighters' Benefit Fund	121,430,166
Police Benefit Fund	92,753,057
Total	<u>243,096,670</u>
Net position, June 30 2014, as restated	<u><u>\$ 530,920,638</u></u>

Note 17. Subsequent Events

On November 4, 2015, the City issued \$7,310,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate of 3.0% maturing on April 15, 2024.

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**Required Supplementary
Information - Unaudited**

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
 With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Property Taxes						
Current levy	\$ 131,203	\$ -	\$ 131,203	\$ 131,309	\$ 106	125,492
Prior levy	975	-	975	1,328	353	1,361
Interest and penalties	500	233	733	954	221	904
Total property taxes	132,678	233	132,911	133,591	680	127,757
Licenses, Permits and Fees						
Assessors' late filing fees	1	-	1	2	1	1
Circuit Court fines	2	-	2	6	4	1
Dog penalties	1	-	1	1	-	1
Merchandising licenses	2	-	2	3	1	5
Animal licenses	8	-	8	7	(1)	8
Marriage licenses	2	-	2	2	-	2
Fees	77	-	77	127	50	40
Notary services	4	-	4	4	-	5
Burial permits	2	-	2	2	-	3
Trade names	1	-	1	1	-	1
Vital statistics	118	-	118	132	14	138
Parking violations	65	-	65	39	(26)	46
Alarm fees	14	-	14	19	5	20
Police report fees	10	-	10	10	-	10
Building permits	450	133	583	583	-	610
PW excavating permits	7	-	7	8	1	8
Land use fees and permits	13	-	13	17	4	15
BBHD code enforcement fees	-	-	-	3	3	-
Library fines	24	-	24	23	(1)	25
Total licenses, permits and fees	801	133	934	989	55	939
State and Federal Grants						
State grants-in-aid:						
State Owned Property (PILOT)	90	-	90	96	6	85
State Grant: Elderly Freeze	6	-	6	6	-	-
Tax Relief Elderly/Disabled Homeowner	340	-	340	343	3	351
Private Hospitals (PILOT)	596	-	596	581	(15)	522
Tax Relief Totally Disabled	10	-	10	13	3	13
Additional Tax Relief: Veterans	30	-	30	31	1	32
Enterprise Zone Reimbursement	175	-	175	166	(9)	116
Town Aid Road Transportation	666	-	666	665	(1)	666
Mashantucket Pequot Grant	595	-	595	592	(3)	589
PILOT	-	-	-	55	55	84
Off-track Betting	70	-	70	66	(4)	70
Municipal Grant in Aid	-	2,339	2,339	2,339	-	359
Utilities Tax	100	-	100	130	30	138

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual (in thousands) (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
State and Federal Grants (Continued)						
Youth Services Bureau	50	-	50	50	-	50
Youth Services Bureau - Enhancement	-	7	7	7	-	7
Juvenile Diversion Grant	-	15	15	15	-	-
E911 Subsidy Grant	135	-	135	135	-	134
School Readiness Grant/Quality Enhancement	-	2,853	2,853	2,803	(50)	2,405
Education Cost Sharing	41,657	-	41,657	41,512	(145)	41,622
Trans. Child- Public	324	-	324	413	89	322
Medicaid Coordination	100	-	100	418	318	371
Excess Cost Student Based	2,600	-	2,600	2,600	-	3,110
Health Serv. PA 481/Private Sch Health Reimb.	250	-	250	285	35	277
Transportation School Child- Nonpublic	38	-	38	75	37	38
Miscellaneous State Grants	7	69	76	76	-	82
Federal grants:						
Housing Authority (FED-PILOT)	-	-	-	94	94	110
FEMA disaster grant	-	-	-	147	147	207
Public Safety federal grant	6	-	6	2	(4)	4
Total state and federal grants	47,845	5,283	53,128	53,715	587	51,764
Charges for Services						
Copier charges	58	-	58	62	4	63
Code enforcement reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	21
Water reimbursement fees	1	-	1	8	7	3
Foreclosure reimbursement fees	10	-	10	14	4	1
Recording fees	280	-	280	274	(6)	289
Real estate transfer tax	750	-	750	663	(87)	918
Department of Aging services	63	-	63	66	3	64
Public Safety charges for services	621	333	954	1,016	62	907
Animal Control charges	3	-	3	3	-	2
Miscellaneous charges for services	8	1	9	6	(3)	5
Public Works service and maps	306	39	345	362	17	319
Recycling permits	33	-	33	32	(1)	35
City building rentals	208	-	208	293	85	208
School tuition	150	-	150	245	95	147
Pool revenue	178	-	178	169	(9)	184
Park program	111	-	111	128	17	138
Total charges for services	2,780	373	3,153	3,341	188	3,304

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual (in thousands) (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Investment Earnings						
Interest - General Fund	177	134	311	311	-	249
Interest - Miscellaneous A/R	3		3	7	4	4
Total investment earnings	<u>180</u>	<u>134</u>	<u>314</u>	<u>318</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>253</u>
Sale of Property and Equipment	<u>75</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>(29)</u>	<u>129</u>
Other Local Revenue						
Miscellaneous	19	1,269	1,288	1,307	19	188
Contributions Interdistrict Cooperative	-	58	58	58	-	63
Public Safety contributions	-	-	-	-	-	7
Library trust funds	17	24	41	43	2	13
Park Trust Funds and gifts	393	134	527	535	8	503
Total other local revenue	<u>429</u>	<u>1,485</u>	<u>1,914</u>	<u>1,943</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>774</u>
Transfers in	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>2,290</u>
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 184,791</u>	<u>\$ 7,683</u>	<u>\$ 192,474</u>	193,987	<u>\$ 1,513</u>	<u>\$ 187,210</u>

Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because:

State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement System for City teachers are not budgeted

13,776

Total revenues and other financing sources as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV

\$ 207,763

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
 With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
General Government						
City Council:						
Personnel services	\$ 58	\$ -	\$ 58	\$ 58	\$ -	\$ 58
Mayor's Office:						
Personnel services	167	6	173	166	(7)	158
Contractual services	62	-	62	58	(4)	59
Supplies	1	-	1	1	-	1
Capital outlay		33	33	33	-	-
Total mayor's office	230	39	269	258	(11)	218
Probate Court:						
Contractual services	31	(9)	22	21	(1)	20
Supplies	5	(3)	2	2	-	6
Total probate court	36	(12)	24	23	(1)	26
Registrar of Voters:						
Personnel services	142	36	178	171	(7)	140
Contractual services	86	(32)	54	52	(2)	36
Supplies	11	3	14	14	-	4
Total registrar of voters	239	7	246	237	(9)	180
Assessor:						
Personnel services	368	(33)	335	335	-	339
Contractual services	25	(3)	22	21	(1)	16
Supplies	2	-	2	2	-	2
Total assessor	395	(36)	359	358	(1)	357
Board of Assessment Appeals:						
Personnel services	5	-	5	5	-	4
Tax Collector:						
Personnel services	296	(19)	277	272	(5)	288
Contractual services	95	(1)	94	77	(17)	81
Supplies	1	-	1	-	(1)	-
Total tax collector	392	(20)	372	349	(23)	369
Purchasing:						
Personnel services	169	4	173	173	-	168
Contractual services	9	(1)	8	8	-	7
Total purchasing	178	3	181	181	-	175

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
General Government (Continued)						
Comptroller's Office:						
Personnel services	660	(41)	619	619	-	618
Contractual services	12	1	13	11	(2)	12
Supplies	1	-	1	1	-	1
Total comptroller's office	673	(40)	633	631	(2)	631
Treasurer:						
Personnel services	115	(9)	106	105	(1)	112
Contractual services	5	-	5	5	-	4
Supplies	1	-	1	1	-	-
Other/Misc.	40	(40)	-	-	-	2
Total treasurer	161	(49)	112	111	(1)	118
Information Systems:						
Personnel services	519	14	533	533	-	518
Contractual services	287	(16)	271	266	(5)	243
Supplies	15	1	16	13	(3)	8
Capital outlay	-	50	50	50	-	-
Total information systems	821	49	870	862	(8)	769
Personnel Department:						
Personnel services	404	12	416	416	-	402
Contractual services	98	(2)	96	93	(3)	70
Purch. professional services	5	5	10	10	-	5
Supplies	5	-	5	4	(1)	5
Capital outlay	-	6	6	4	(2)	24
Total personnel department	512	21	533	527	(6)	506
Corporation Counsel:						
Personnel services	395	(17)	378	378	-	362
Contractual services	111	77	188	188	-	177
Supplies	16	-	16	14	(2)	10
Total corporation counsel	522	60	582	580	(2)	549
City Clerk:						
Personnel services	323	(25)	298	297	(1)	308
Contractual services	78	(1)	77	65	(12)	62
Purch. prof. services	-	-	-	-	-	1
Supplies	2	-	2	2	-	-
Total city clerk	403	(26)	377	364	(13)	371

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
 With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
General Government (Continued)						
Board of Finance:						
Personnel services	1	-	1	1	-	2
Contractual services	70	-	70	70	-	70
Total board of finance	71	-	71	71	-	72
Aging Department:						
Personnel services	360	(11)	349	348	(1)	348
Contractual services	178	71	249	247	(2)	232
Supplies	72	(22)	50	49	(1)	45
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	4
Total aging department	610	38	648	644	(4)	629
Downtown Corporation (BDDC):						
Contractual services	30	-	30	30	-	30
Veteran's Office:						
Personnel services	-	-	-	-	-	1
NVCOG:						
Contractual services	29	(25)	4	4	-	29
Youth Services:						
Personnel services	256	5	261	261	-	251
Contractual services	123	22	145	141	(4)	119
Supplies	14	-	14	13	(1)	13
Total youth services	393	27	420	415	(5)	383
Interdistrict COOP:						
Personnel services	-	32	32	32	-	39
Contractual services	-	1	1	1	-	2
Purchased other services	-	25	25	25	-	21
Total interdistrict COOP	-	58	58	58	-	62
Community Promotions:						
Contractual services	5	26	31	29	(2)	28
Other	25	(10)	15	15	-	13
Total community promotions	30	16	46	44	(2)	41

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
General Government (Continued)						
Boards and Commissions:						
Personnel services	5	-	5	4	(1)	4
Contractual services	1	-	1	-	(1)	-
Total boards and commissions	6	-	6	4	(2)	4
Total general government	5,794	110	5,904	5,814	(90)	5,582
Public Safety						
Police Department:						
Personnel services	13,124	232	13,356	13,328	(28)	12,952
Contractual services	617	8	625	552	(73)	550
Supplies	358	(71)	287	262	(25)	290
Capital outlay	70	(54)	16	16	-	123
Total police department	14,169	115	14,284	14,158	(126)	13,915
Fire Department:						
Personnel services	7,301	21	7,322	7,321	(1)	7,084
Contractual services	230	(14)	216	214	(2)	224
Supplies	192	(2)	190	187	(3)	186
Capital outlay	37	-	37	36	(1)	35
Total fire department	7,760	5	7,765	7,758	(7)	7,529
Animal Control:						
Personnel services	130	-	130	129	(1)	122
Contractual services	12	-	12	9	(3)	8
Supplies	5	-	5	4	(1)	5
Total animal control	147	-	147	142	(5)	135
Emergency Management:						
Personnel services	6	-	6	6	-	6
Contractual services	4	-	4	3	(1)	4
Supplies	8	-	8	8	-	1
Total emergency management	18	-	18	17	(1)	11

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Public Safety (Continued)						
Building Inspection:						
Personnel services	445	28	473	472	(1)	416
Contractual services	9	-	9	9	-	5
Supplies	8	1	9	7	(2)	5
Total building inspection	462	29	491	488	(3)	426
Total public safety	22,556	149	22,705	22,563	(142)	22,016
Public Works						
Administration:						
Personnel services	330	7	337	337	-	330
Contractual services	9	-	9	8	(1)	6
Supplies	2	-	2	2	-	1
Total administration	341	7	348	347	(1)	337
Engineering:						
Personnel services	766	(53)	713	713	-	745
Contractual services	43	(29)	14	9	(5)	28
Supplies	3	-	3	3	-	3
Total engineering	812	(82)	730	725	(5)	776
Land Use:						
Personnel services	201	3	204	202	(2)	177
Contractual services	18	-	18	12	(6)	9
Supplies	1	-	1	1	-	1
Total land use	220	3	223	215	(8)	187
Maintenance:						
Personnel services	467	7	474	474	-	461
Contractual services	523	(45)	478	469	(9)	594
Supplies	176	24	200	197	(3)	201
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	40
Total maintenance	1,166	(14)	1,152	1,140	(12)	1,296

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
 With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Public Works (Continued)						
Streets Division:						
Personnel services	1,700	(266)	1,434	1,425	(9)	1,502
Contractual services	31	(13)	18	18	-	29
Supplies	171	(33)	138	138	-	142
Total streets division	1,902	(312)	1,590	1,581	(9)	1,673
Solid Waste Division:						
Personnel services	1,015	(118)	897	896	(1)	928
Contractual services	1,167	(66)	1,101	1,099	(2)	1,255
Supplies	18	19	37	37	-	13
Transfer out	(1,064)	-	(1,064)	(1,064)	-	(1,186)
Total solid waste division	1,136	(165)	971	968	(3)	1,010
Fleet Maintenance:						
Personnel services	554	(9)	545	545	-	517
Contractual services	216	304	520	520	-	225
Supplies	981	50	1,031	1,031	-	1,097
Total fleet maintenance	1,751	345	2,096	2,096	-	1,839
Snow Removal:						
Personnel services	289	41	330	330	-	236
Contractual services	364	125	489	489	-	404
Supplies	447	234	681	681	-	720
Total snow removal	1,100	400	1,500	1,500	-	1,360
Major Road Improvements:						
Personnel services	16	-	16	16	-	8
Contractual services	2,169	1,367	3,536	3,536	-	1,777
Total major road improvements	2,185	1,367	3,552	3,552	-	1,785
Railroad Maintenance:						
Contractual services	54	(11)	43	42	(1)	6

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
 With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Public Works (Continued)						
Other City Buildings:						
Contractual services	126	17	143	143	-	111
Supplies	184	(111)	73	71	(2)	219
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	6
Total other city buildings	310	(94)	216	214	(2)	336
Perm Patch Utility Trenches:						
Contractual services	-	39	39	39	-	-
Public Works Fleet:						
Capital outlay	850	-	850	835	(15)	781
Public Works Line Painting:						
Personnel services	1	-	1	-	(1)	-
Contractual services	100	-	100	100	-	163
Supplies	2	-	2	-	(2)	-
Total public works line painting	103	-	103	100	(3)	163
Storm Water Maintenance:						
Personnel services	-	4	4	4	-	7
Contractual services	-	-	-	-	-	2
Total storm water maintenance	-	4	4	4	-	9
Street Lighting:						
Contractual services	785	(129)	656	656	-	784
Total public works	12,715	1,358	14,073	14,014	(59)	12,342
Health and Welfare:						
Community Services:						
Personnel services	44	(1)	43	41	(2)	44
Contractual services	15	3	18	15	(3)	10
Other/miscellaneous	12	66	78	77	(1)	11
Total community services	71	68	139	133	(6)	65

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
 With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Health and Welfare (Continued)						
Bristol-Burlington Health						
Contractual services	3,159	-	3,159	3,159	-	2,919
Code Enforcement:						
Contractual services	-	-	-	-	-	13
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other/miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	196
Total code enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	209
Health/SS Outside Agencies:						
Contractual services	75	1	76	76	-	73
Cemetery Upkeep:						
Purch. prof. services	75	-	75	75	-	75
School Readiness Program:						
Personnel services	4	67	71	71	-	69
Contractual services	4	2,787	2,791	2,760	(31)	2,288
Total school readiness program	8	2,854	2,862	2,831	(31)	2,357
Total health and welfare	3,388	2,923	6,311	6,274	(37)	5,698
Libraries						
Library:						
Personnel services	1,439	(23)	1,416	1,398	(18)	1,374
Contractual services	341	(4)	337	328	(9)	338
Supplies	260	(23)	237	234	(3)	227
Capital outlay	-	15	15	15	-	62
Total library	2,040	(35)	2,005	1,975	(30)	2,001
Parks and Recreation						
Parks and Recreation:						
Personnel services	1,719	(48)	1,671	1,666	(5)	1,600
Contractual services	314	7	321	315	(6)	281
Supplies	273	18	291	278	(13)	269
Capital outlay	4	40	44	43	(1)	4
Other/miscellaneous	6	-	6	2	(4)	1
General insurance	40	-	40	38	(2)	38
Total parks and recreation	2,356	17	2,373	2,342	(31)	2,193

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Employee Benefits and Pension						
Employee Benefits and Pension:						
Retirement benefits	74	-	74	74	-	76
Heart and hypertension police	672	(153)	519	513	(6)	720
Employee benefits	9,955	342	10,297	10,275	(22)	1,978
Transfer to internal service	(8,451)	-	(8,451)	(8,451)	-	-
Other post-employment benefits	686	-	686	686	-	936
Total employee benefits and pension	2,936	189	3,125	3,097	(28)	3,710
General Insurance						
General Insurance	717	21	738	729	(9)	820
Miscellaneous						
Miscellaneous:						
All other costs and fees	2,161	(989)	1,172	974	(198)	583
Public buildings	600	(600)	-	-	-	-
Total miscellaneous	2,761	(1,589)	1,172	974	(198)	583
Education						
Board of Education:						
General control	2,475	203	2,678	2,678	-	2,534
Instruction	46,918	(1,323)	45,595	45,587	(8)	45,173
Transportation	3,528	565	4,093	4,093	-	4,095
Operation of plant	6,150	260	6,410	6,410	-	6,252
Maintenance of plant	2,241	(152)	2,089	2,089	-	2,154
Benefits and fixed	18,324	(16,064)	2,260	2,260	-	2,600
Athletics and student	1,736	13	1,749	1,748	(1)	1,641
Capital outlay	1,899	(40)	1,859	1,858	(1)	1,886
Other/miscellaneous	23,566	498	24,064	24,063	(1)	23,132
Operating transfers out	-	63	63	63	-	292
Total board of education	106,837	(15,977)	90,860	90,849	(11)	89,759

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis- Budget and Actual (in thousands)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2014

	2015				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2014 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Transfer to Other Funds:						
Special revenue	2,001	2,821	4,822	4,822	-	3,639
Debt service	8,461	233	8,694	8,694	-	8,798
Trust and agency	-	-	-	-	-	166
Capital projects	918	(29)	889	889	-	784
Sinking fund	-	600	600	600	-	300
Internal service	11,661	18,276	29,937	29,937	-	27,396
Total transfers to other funds	23,041	21,901	44,942	44,942	-	41,083
Total	\$ 185,141	\$ 9,067	\$ 194,208	193,573	\$ (635)	\$ 185,787

Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because:
 State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connecticut State Teachers'
 Retirement System for City teachers are not budgeted

13,776

Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered but not received are
 reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes but in the
 year received for financial reporting purposes

(377)

Total expenditures and other financing uses as reported on the statement of
 revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - Governmental Funds -
 Exhibit IV

\$ 206,972

Required Supplementary Information - unaudited
Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Other Post-Employment Benefits Fund
June 30, 2015

Schedule of Funding Progress - OPEB

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
		Projected Unit Credit Cost Method (b)					
July 1, 2008	\$ -	\$ 72,080		\$ (72,080)	0.0%	\$ 70,000,000	-0.1%
July 1, 2010	-	64,510,000		(64,510,000)	0.0%	91,807,000	-70.3%
July 1, 2012	1,847,000	75,052,000		(73,205,000)	2.5%	88,563,000	-82.7%
July 1, 2014	4,439,558	60,732,614		(56,293,056)	7.3%	96,520,000	-58.3%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB

Year Ended	Annual		Percentage Contributed
	Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	
2015	\$ 8,768,000	\$ 3,156,480	36.0%
2014	9,322,000	4,446,594	47.7%
2013	7,528,000	4,456,576	59.2%
2012	7,883,000	4,756,449	60.3%
2011	8,279,000	5,166,096	62.4%
2010	8,568,000	6,725,880	78.5%

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
City of Bristol Retirement System
Last Two Fiscal Years

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$ 4,414,159	\$ 4,481,000
Interest	14,311,139	13,837,000
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	87,383	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(12,404,563)	(11,635,000)
Net change in total pension liability	6,408,118	6,683,000
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	192,403,810	185,721,000
Total pension liability, ending (a)	198,811,928	192,404,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Employer contributions	127,325	228,000
Member contributions	1,722,864	1,816,000
Investment income (loss) net of investment expenses	(1,630,002)	28,753,000
Benefit payments	(12,404,563)	(11,635,000)
Administrative expenses	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(12,184,376)	19,162,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	221,317,257	202,155,000
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	209,132,881	221,317,000
Net pension liability (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (10,320,953)	\$ (28,913,000)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	105.19%	115.03%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 30,661,306	\$ 31,095,000
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	-33.66%	-92.98%

NOTE: As 2014 is the implementation year, only 2014 and 2015 information is available.

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Firefighters' Benefit Fund
Last Two Fiscal Years

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$ 1,498,526	\$ 1,446,000
Interest	5,090,471	4,786,000
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	1,554,964	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,775,198)	(3,776,000)
Net change in total pension liability	4,368,763	2,456,000
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	66,672,945	64,217,000
Total pension liability, ending (a)	71,041,708	66,673,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Employer contributions	-	-
Member contributions	252,503	257,000
Net investment income (loss)	(1,255,916)	24,064,000
Benefit payments	(3,775,198)	(4,108,000)
Administrative expense	-	-
Retiree health care payments	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(4,778,611)	20,213,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	188,103,111	167,891,000
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	183,324,500	188,104,000
Net pension liability (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (112,282,792)	\$ (121,431,000)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	258.05%	282.13%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,556,190	\$ 5,582,000
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	-2020.86%	-2175.40%

NOTE: As 2014 is the implementation year, only 2014 and 2015 information is available.

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Police Benefit Fund
Last Two Fiscal Years

Changes in Net Pension Liability	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$ 2,121,862	\$ 2,037,000
Interest	7,880,029	7,971,000
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(5,947,648)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,507,865)	(5,226,000)
Net change in total pension liability	(1,453,622)	4,782,000
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	111,596,986	106,815,000
Total pension liability, ending (a)	110,143,364	111,597,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Employer contributions	-	-
Member contributions	443,730	414,000
Net investment income (loss)	(1,356,308)	26,248,000
Benefit payments	(5,507,865)	(5,414,000)
Administrative expense	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(6,420,443)	21,248,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	204,350,043	183,102,000
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	197,929,600	204,350,000
Net pension liability (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (87,786,236)	\$ (92,753,000)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	179.70%	183.11%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 8,498,327	\$ 8,215,000
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	-1032.98%	-1129.07%

NOTE: As 2014 is the implementation year, only 2014 and 2015 information is available.

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Employer Contributions
City of Bristol Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 80,000	\$ 115,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 605,000	\$ 507,245
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	49,000	115,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	228,000	127,325
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 31,000	\$ -	\$ 377,000	\$ 379,920						
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 26,022,000	\$ 26,901,000	\$ 29,345,000	\$ 30,309,000	\$ 31,268,000	\$ 31,783,000	\$ 30,610,000	\$ 31,280,000	\$ 31,095,000	\$ 30,661,306
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	0.19%	0.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.73%	0.42%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date July 1, 2014
 Measurement date June 30, 2015
 Valuation timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit
 Amortization method Level dollar, open
 Remaining amortization period 20 years
 Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market, non-asymptotic, Corridor – 80% to 120% of market value
 Inflation 2.75%
 Salary increases Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.5%
 Investment rate of return 7.50%
 Cost of living adjustment None
 Retirement age Rates based on age and service
 Turnover Rates based on age
 Mortality RP-2000 Mortality for Employees and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with generational projection per Scale AA

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Firefighters' Benefit Fund
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -									
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 4,668,000	\$ 4,696,000	\$ 5,184,000	\$ 5,219,000	\$ 5,298,000	\$ 5,275,000	\$ 5,454,000	\$ 5,521,000	\$ 5,582,000	\$ 5,556,190
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date July 1, 2014
 Measurement date June 30, 2015
 Valuation timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit
 Amortization method Level dollar, open
 Remaining amortization period 20 years
 Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market, non-asymptotic, Corridor – 80% to 120% of market value
 Inflation 2.75%
 Salary increases Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.5%
 Investment rate of return 7.50%
 Cost of living adjustment Pre-July 1, 1999 retirees: 3.5% per year; Retirees between July 1, 1990 and June 30, 2003: 2.5% per year; Post-June 30, 2003 retirees: 2.25% per year
 Retirement age Graded based on age
 Turnover None
 Mortality RP-2000 Mortality for Employees and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with generational projection per Scale AA

**Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Police Benefit Fund
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -									
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 6,718,000	\$ 6,768,000	\$ 7,502,000	\$ 7,421,000	\$ 8,245,000	\$ 8,377,000	\$ 8,295,000	\$ 7,838,000	\$ 8,215,000	\$ 8,498,327
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date July 1, 2014
 Measurement date June 30, 2015
 Valuation timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit
 Amortization method Level dollar, open
 Remaining amortization period 20 years
 Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market, non-asymptotic, Corridor – 80% to 120% of market value
 Inflation 2.75%
 Salary increases Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.5%
 Investment rate of return 7.50%
 Cost of living adjustment Pre-December 15, 2002 retirees: 3.5% per year; Post-December 15, 2002 retirees: 2.25% per year
 Retirement age Graded based on age
 Turnover Age based rates; 0% starting at age 40
 Mortality RP-2000 Mortality for Employees and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with generational projection per Scale AA

**Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Investment Returns
Pension Trust Funds
Last Two Fiscal Years**

	2014	2015
Annual Money-weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense, for:		
City of Bristol Retirement System	15.44%	0.52%
Firefighters' Benefit Fund	15.44%	0.52%
Police Benefit Fund	15.44%	0.52%

**Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
 Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Teachers' Retirement System
 June 30, 2015**

City's proportion of the net pension liability		0%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	\$	141,332,557
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	54,605,000
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%
System fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms	None
Changes of assumptions	During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of salary, closed
Remaining amortization period	22.4 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market

**Combining and Individual
Fund Statements and Schedules**

General Fund

General Fund

The General Fund is the operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

This fund is administered in accordance with Section 25 of the City Charter. The Board of Finance and Joint Board (Board of Finance and City Council meeting jointly) have final approval over the authorizations of budgetary appropriations and any revisions to the approved budget. The Charter mandates that funding deficits, operating deficiencies or operating surpluses have priority consideration when the succeeding budget is formulated. The Board of Finance, through its agent, the Comptroller's Office, controls the collection and disbursement of funds and has the legal authority to initiate audits. All assets of this fund belong to the City of Bristol. The authority for the levy of property taxes resides with the Joint Board. The City Council has the power to apply for and accept grants from other agencies and to establish and/or change the imposition of charges (fees) for the delivery of services.

**Comparative Balance Sheet - General Fund
June 30, 2015**

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,124,273	\$ 42,337,000
Receivables:		
Taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$300 in 2015 and 2014	4,606,469	3,162,000
Interest receivable	-	1,385,000
Other, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$10 in 2015 and 2014	385,605	150,000
Due from other funds	8,410,934	707,000
Due from other governments	358,918	299,000
Prepaid assets	588	2,000
Total assets	48,886,787	48,042,000
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	3,501,044	3,798,000
Accrued liabilities	8,844,657	8,908,000
Due to other funds	122,290	42,000
Unearned revenue	-	288,000
Total liabilities	12,467,991	13,036,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	4,614,924	3,986,000
Advance property tax collections	86,889	94,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,701,813	4,080,000
Fund Balance:		
Nonspendable	588	2,000
Committed	3,057,414	3,856,000
Assigned	2,053,023	1,113,000
Unassigned	26,605,958	25,955,000
Total fund balance	31,716,983	30,926,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 48,886,787	\$ 48,042,000

**Nonmajor
Governmental Funds**

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Equipment and Building Sinking	Federal, State and local	Equipment and building purchases
Community Development Act	Federal grants	Community development programs
Special Grants and Donations	Federal, State and local grants	Administration of miscellaneous grants
Special Education Grant	Federal and State grants	Education Grant Programs
Bristol School Lunch Program	Sale of food, State and Federal grants	Operation of the school cafeterias
Manross Memorial Library	Donations	Support of the City Library Board
Sewer Operating and Assessment	Charges for services	Operations of the sanitary sewer system
Solid Waste Disposal	Charges for services	Operation of the City's solid waste disposal program
Police Department Drug Forfeiture	Sale of assets and Federal grants	Account for monies received from sale of assets acquired during drug related arrests
Pine Lake Challenge Course	Licenses and permits	Recreational facility used by outside groups
LOCIP Projects	State grants	Activity of all the LOCIP Projects
Transfer Station	Charges for services	Operations of the City's Transfer Station
Student Activity	Charges for services	Operations of the Adult Education, Summer School and Driver Education programs
Open Space	Donations	Procurement of Land
Centre Mall	Rent/leases	Operation of Centre Mall
Pardee Fund #1	Sarah Norton Pardee Trust Fund	Cemetery maintenance
Pardee Fund #2	Sarah Norton Pardee Trust Fund	Support of those requiring public aid
Reserve Fund for Depreciation for Page Park Swimming Pool	Donations	Maintenance of the Page Park Swimming Pool

Permanent Funds

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Sarah Norton Pardee Trust	Will of Sarah Norton Pardee	The upkeep of City cemeteries and the support of those requiring public aid
Mary J. Atwood Trust	Will of Mary J. Atwood	For the benefit of needy pupils of the Bristol High School
Storm Water Control Trust	Donations	Perpetual maintenance and management of storm water control problem areas
Lake Avenue Cemetery Trust	Donations	To upkeep Lake Avenue Cemetery

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Equipment and Building Sinking	Community Development Act	Special Grants and Donations	Special Education Grant	Bristol School Lunch Program	Manross Memorial Library	Sewer Operating and Assessment	Solid Waste Disposal
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,920,797	\$ 1,691,191	\$ 2,471,092	\$ 2,123,053	\$ -	\$ 630,275	\$ 4,397,693	\$ 403,384
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	30,400	-	884	-	273,445	44,942
Assessment receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	575,906	-
Due from other funds	-	-	5,907	100,852	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	245,746	135,654	22,002	32,456	703,996	-	-	-
Inventory	-	-	-	-	49,023	-	-	-
Prepaid items	-	-	2,315	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 5,166,543	\$ 1,826,845	\$ 2,531,716	\$ 2,256,361	\$ 753,903	\$ 630,275	\$ 5,247,044	\$ 448,326
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 301,423	\$ 51,589	\$ 264,664	\$ 151,711	\$ 577,547	\$ 11,955	\$ 204,734	\$ 102,948
Accrued liabilities	-	10,417	74,487	805,691	59,602	-	36,027	-
Due to other funds	-	-	16,861	881,442	55,737	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	214	440	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	96,534	417,337	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	301,423	62,006	452,760	2,256,621	692,886	11,955	240,761	102,948
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - sewer use	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,851	-
Unavailable revenue - sewer assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	575,906	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	686,757	-
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	-	2,315	-	49,023	-	-	-
Restricted	-	1,732,620	2,076,641	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	4,865,120	32,219	-	-	11,994	618,320	4,211,498	345,378
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	108,028	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	(260)	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	4,865,120	1,764,839	2,078,956	(260)	61,017	618,320	4,319,526	345,378
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 5,166,543	\$ 1,826,845	\$ 2,531,716	\$ 2,256,361	\$ 753,903	\$ 630,275	\$ 5,247,044	\$ 448,326

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)
 June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Police Department Drug Forfeiture	Pine Lake Challenge Course	LOCIP Projects	Transfer Station	Student Activity	Open Space	Centre Mall	Pardee Fund #1	Pardee Fund #2	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 805,622	\$ 90,687	\$ -	\$ 366,227	\$ 801,668	\$ 4,021	\$ 423,829	\$ 35,927	\$ 1,237	
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable	-	6,040	-	588	-	-	-	-	-	
Assessment receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from other governments	8,570	-	699,167	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total assets	\$ 814,192	\$ 96,727	\$ 699,167	\$ 366,815	\$ 801,668	\$ 4,021	\$ 423,829	\$ 35,927	\$ 1,237	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 21,437	\$ 386	\$ 656,781	\$ 19,232	\$ 825	\$ -	\$ 1,509	\$ -	\$ -	
Accrued liabilities	21,026	1,741	-	7,943	24,117	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	1,463	-	-	-	-	
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	161,739	-	-	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	42,463	2,127	656,781	188,914	26,405	-	1,509	-	-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - sewer use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unavailable revenue - sewer assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted	771,729	-	42,386	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Committed	-	94,600	-	177,901	775,263	4,021	422,320	35,927	1,237	
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total fund balances	771,729	94,600	42,386	177,901	775,263	4,021	422,320	35,927	1,237	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 814,192	\$ 96,727	\$ 699,167	\$ 366,815	\$ 801,668	\$ 4,021	\$ 423,829	\$ 35,927	\$ 1,237	

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)
 June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds		Permanent Funds					Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Reserve Fund for Depreciation for Page Park Swimming Pool	Total	Sarah Norton Pardee Trust	Mary J. Atwood Trust	Storm Water Control Trust	Lake Avenue Cemetery Trust	Total	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 257,550	\$ 19,424,253	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,034	\$ -	\$ 35,724	\$ 44,258	\$ 19,468,511
Investments	-	-	-	-	770,824	-	770,824	770,824
Accounts receivable	-	356,299	-	-	-	-	-	356,299
Assessment receivable	-	575,906	-	-	-	-	-	575,906
Due from other funds	-	106,759	-	-	-	-	-	106,759
Due from other governments	-	1,847,591	-	-	-	-	-	1,847,591
Inventory	-	49,023	-	-	-	-	-	49,023
Prepays	-	2,315	-	-	-	-	-	2,315
Total assets	\$ 257,550	\$ 22,362,146	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,034	\$ 770,824	\$ 35,724	\$ 815,082	\$ 23,177,228
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,366,741	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,366,741
Accrued liabilities	-	1,041,051	-	-	-	-	-	1,041,051
Due to other funds	-	955,503	-	-	-	-	-	955,503
Due to other governments	-	654	-	-	-	-	-	654
Unearned revenue	-	675,610	-	-	-	-	-	675,610
Total liabilities	-	5,039,559	-	-	-	-	-	5,039,559
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - sewer use	-	110,851	-	-	-	-	-	110,851
Unavailable revenue - sewer assessments	-	575,906	-	-	-	-	-	575,906
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	686,757	-	-	-	-	-	686,757
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	51,338	7,500	1,034	770,824	35,724	815,082	866,420
Restricted	-	4,623,376	-	-	-	-	-	4,623,376
Committed	257,550	11,853,348	-	-	-	-	-	11,853,348
Assigned	-	108,028	-	-	-	-	-	108,028
Unassigned	-	(260)	-	-	-	-	-	(260)
Total fund balances	257,550	16,635,830	7,500	1,034	770,824	35,724	815,082	17,450,912
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 257,550	\$ 22,362,146	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,034	\$ 770,824	\$ 35,724	\$ 815,082	\$ 23,177,228

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Equipment and Building Sinking	Community Development Act	Special Grants and Donations	Special Education Grant	Bristol School Lunch Program	Manross Memorial Library	Sewer Operating and Assessment	
Revenues								
Sewer assessments, interest and liens	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,626	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	1,017,769	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	245,746	59,403	739,756	9,022,375	2,068,656	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	216,677	-	927,236	-	6,014,730	-
Investment earnings	6,395	2,169	1,573	-	-	889	6,827	1,351
Net appreciation in the fair market value of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution	-	-	1,192,197	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	247,261	86,103	68,061
Total revenues	252,141	61,572	3,167,972	9,022,375	2,995,892	248,150	6,111,286	69,412
Expenditures								
General government	25,564	331,048	542,099	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	923,122	-	307,420	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	769,711	-	-	-	-	-	3,875,712	1,118,051
Health and Welfare	-	133,998	1,589,990	-	-	-	-	-
Libraries	2,960	-	19,690	-	-	164,735	-	-
Parks and Recreation	41,706	-	155,478	-	-	-	-	-
Education	339,059	-	1,068,190	9,022,686	3,060,126	-	-	-
Total expenditures	2,102,122	465,046	3,682,867	9,022,686	3,060,126	164,735	3,875,712	1,118,051
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,849,981)	(403,474)	(514,895)	(311)	(64,234)	83,415	2,235,574	(1,048,639)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	2,573,628	967,991	779,768	-	63,251	-	-	1,028,300
Transfers out	(1,675,527)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,688,533)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	898,101	967,991	779,768	-	63,251	-	(1,688,533)	1,028,300
Net change in fund balances	(951,880)	564,517	264,873	(311)	(983)	83,415	547,041	(20,339)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,817,000	1,200,322	1,814,083	51	62,000	534,905	3,772,485	365,717
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,865,120	\$ 1,764,839	\$ 2,078,956	\$ (260)	\$ 61,017	\$ 618,320	\$ 4,319,526	\$ 345,378

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Police Department Drug Forfeiture	Pine Lake Challenge Course	LOCIP Projects	Transfer Station	Student Activity	Open Space	Centre Mall	Pardee Fund #1	Pardee Fund #2
Revenues									
Sewer assessments, interest and liens	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	-	136,807	-	-	178,664	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	38,142	-	470,768	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	369,130	-	-	21,600	-	-
Investment earnings	1,775	115	-	631	1,337	6	651	44	-
Net appreciation in the fair market value of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution	-	-	-	-	108,074	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	39,917	136,922	470,768	369,761	288,075	6	22,251	44	-
Expenditures									
General government	-	153,914	-	-	-	-	41,761	-	-
Public Safety	526,188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	-	-	458,199	523,354	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-
Libraries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-	436,785	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	526,188	153,914	458,199	523,354	436,785	-	41,761	500	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(486,271)	(16,992)	12,569	(153,593)	(148,710)	6	(19,510)	(456)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	-	-	-	272,125	-	-	-	4	4
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	272,125	-	-	-	4	4
Net change in fund balances	(486,271)	(16,992)	12,569	118,532	(148,710)	6	(19,510)	(452)	4
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,258,000	111,592	29,817	59,369	923,973	4,015	441,830	36,379	1,233
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 771,729	\$ 94,600	\$ 42,386	\$ 177,901	\$ 775,263	\$ 4,021	\$ 422,320	\$ 35,927	\$ 1,237

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
(In Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds		Permanent Funds					Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Reserve Fund for Depreciation for Page Park Swimming Pool	Total	Sarah Norton Pardee Trust	Mary J. Atwood Trust	Storm Water Control Trust	Lake Avenue Cemetery Trust	Total	
Revenues								
Sewer assessments, interest and liens	\$ -	\$ 3,626	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,626
Licenses and permit	-	1,333,240	-	-	-	-	-	1,333,240
Intergovernmental	-	12,644,846	-	-	-	-	-	12,644,846
Charges for services	-	7,549,373	-	-	-	-	-	7,549,373
Investment earnings	309	24,072	8	1	48	58	115	24,187
Net appreciation in the fair market value of investments	-	-	-	-	17,537	-	17,537	17,537
Contribution	-	1,300,271	-	-	-	600	600	1,300,871
Miscellaneous	-	401,425	-	-	-	-	-	401,425
Total revenues	309	23,256,853	8	1	17,585	658	18,252	23,275,105
Expenditures								
General government	-	\$ 1,094,386	-	-	-	-	\$ -	\$ 1,094,386
Public Safety	-	1,756,730	-	-	-	-	-	1,756,730
Public Works	-	6,745,027	-	-	-	20	20	6,745,047
Health and Welfare	-	1,724,488	-	-	-	-	-	1,724,488
Libraries	-	187,385	-	-	-	-	-	187,385
Parks and Recreation	-	197,184	-	-	-	-	-	197,184
Education	-	13,926,846	-	25	-	-	25	13,926,871
Total expenditures	-	25,632,046	-	25	-	20	45	25,632,091
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	309	(2,375,193)	8	(24)	17,585	638	18,207	(2,356,986)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-	5,685,071	-	-	-	-	-	5,685,071
Transfers out	-	(3,364,060)	(8)	-	(4,214)	-	(4,222)	(3,368,282)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	2,321,011	(8)	-	(4,214)	-	(4,222)	2,316,789
Net change in fund balances	309	(54,182)	-	(24)	13,371	638	13,985	(40,197)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	257,241	16,690,012	7,500	1,058	757,453	35,086	801,097	17,491,109
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 257,550	\$ 16,635,830	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,034	\$ 770,824	\$ 35,724	\$ 815,082	\$ 17,450,912

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds or Trust Funds.)

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Capital Projects Fund
 Schedule of Expenditures – Actual vs. Appropriations (in thousands)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Dept.	Project Name	Amended Budget	Expended Current Year	Total All Years	Open Purchase Orders	Total Expended	Project Balance
Schools - Fund 301:								
2004	BOE	Ivy Drive Code Alterations	\$ 14,649	\$ -	\$ 14,734	\$ -	\$ 14,734	\$ (85)
2001	BOE	South Side Code Update	812	-	776	36	812	-
1998	BOE	Bristol Eastern HS Roof Replacement	1,500	-	1,540	-	1,540	(40)
2007	BOE	Forestville K-8 School	53,000	243	44,375	-	44,375	8,625
2007	BOE	West Bristol K-8 School	52,000	88	42,190	188	42,378	9,622
2009	BOE	BEHS Track Replacement	362	-	362	-	362	-
2013	BOE	BOE Admin. Roof Replacement	298	311	318	-	318	(20)
2014	BOE	Northeast Middle School Roof	1,841	44	44	507	551	1,290
2015	BOE	Stafford School Oil Tank Replacement	160	11	11	1	12	148
2015	BOE	Edgewood School Oil Tank Replacement	160	10	10	5	15	145
2015	BOE	Bristol Central HS Track Replacement	750	128	128	30	158	592
2015	BOE	Bristol Eastern HS Press Box	70	-	-	-	-	70
Total Schools-Fund 301			125,602	835	104,488	767	105,255	20,347
Capital Projects - Fund 302:								
2002	City Hall	ADA Upgrades	303	-	299	-	299	4
2007	Police	City Traffic Control Signal Upgrade	458	5	388	-	388	70
2008	Fire	E4 Architectural Study	6,000	260	376	570	946	5,054
2000	PW Streets	East Rd. Intersection Improvements	269	-	269	-	269	-
2002	PW Streets	Perkins Street Reconstruction	2,300	-	2,300	-	2,300	-
2002	PW Streets	Brook Street Culvert Replacement	150	-	150	-	150	-
2002	PW Streets	Dredge Brook St. to Stafford	19	-	19	-	19	-
2002	PW Streets	Stafford Ave Sidewalks	230	-	230	-	230	-
2003	PW Streets	Milton & Westwoods Terrace Sidewalks	27	-	27	-	27	-
2008	PW Streets	West End Planning Study	80	-	80	-	80	-
2007	PW Streets	Realignment-Union, South & Church Streets	490	5	418	11	429	61
2008	PW Streets	Reconstruction of Waterbury Road	3,560	1,650	2,733	2	2,735	825
2008	PW Streets	Citywide - Roadside Barrier	510	3	371	20	391	119
2008	PW Streets	Frederick Street/ Coppermine Realignment	83	-	83	-	83	-
2008	PW Streets	Sediment Structures - Pequabuck River	20	20	20	-	20	-
2007	PW Solid Waste	Transfer Station Upgrades	100	2	98	-	98	2
2009	PW Solid Waste	Transfer Station Improvements	181	7	178	-	178	3
2007	PW Garage	Public Works Garage Rehabilitation	520	2	52	-	52	468
	PW C.I.	Contingency-Bridge Control	608	-	-	-	-	608
2002	BDA	Downtown Revitalization Phase 1	3,675	26	3,556	-	3,556	119
2005	BDA	Downtown Revitalization Phase 2	7,628	11	7,624	-	7,624	4
2008	BDA	Main Street Streetscapes	1,567	-	1,567	-	1,567	-
2009	BDA	Downtown Parking Feasibility	920	-	817	-	817	103
2008	BDDC	Mall Demolition/Abatement	1,400	4	1,365	13	1,378	22
2005	Parks&Rec.	Memorial Boulevard Parking Enhancements	150	6	121	-	121	29
2005	Parks&Rec.	Revitalization of Public Parks	780	-	780	-	780	-
2006	Parks&Rec.	E.G. Stocks Revitalization	1,250	-	1,250	-	1,250	-

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Expenditures – Actual vs. Appropriations (in thousands) (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Dept.	Project Name	Amended Budget	Expended Current Year	Total All Years	Open Purchase Orders	Total Expended	Project Balance
2006	Parks&Rec.	Brackett Park Revitalization	890	-	890	-	890	-
2006	PW Streets	North Creek & Pequabuck Conduit Repair	648	-	648	-	648	-
2006	PW Streets	Sediment Control - Cedar Lake	161	-	161	-	161	-
2008	Parks&Rec.	Rockwell Park Historic Bldg. Grant	205	-	161	4	165	40
2008	Parks&Rec.	Casey Field Upgrades	490	-	490	-	490	-
2008	Parks&Rec.	Rockwell Park Rehabilitation	6,969	-	6,969	-	6,969	-
2006	MIS	Fiberoptics	1,350	-	1,331	-	1,331	19
2008	MIS	GIS System	590	20	460	-	460	130
2008	PW Engineering	Coppermine Brook-Storm Drain Study	5	-	5	-	5	-
2009	PW Streets	Allentown Road Reconstruction	587	-	587	-	587	-
2010	PW Streets	Mix Street Phase II	742	-	742	-	742	-
2010	Aging	Senior Center Utility Upgrades	4,741	100	4,695	14	4,709	32
2010	PW Streets	Frederick Street Channel Improvements	1,672	1,301	1,306	85	1,391	281
2010	PW Streets	Richard Court Berm/Channel	592	9	37	14	51	541
2010	PW Streets	Marsh Rd. Reconstruction	507	-	507	-	507	-
2010	Parks&Rec.	Miscellaneous Page Park Improvements	10	-	10	-	10	-
2011	PD Communic.	CAD Records Management Update	500	-	500	-	500	-
2011	PD Communic.	Radio System Z Release	243	-	243	-	243	-
2011	PW Streets	Mix Street Phase II	11	-	11	-	11	-
2011	PW Streets	Witches Rock Road Reconstruction	992	-	992	-	992	-
2011	PW Streets	Willis St Reconstruction Phase II	826	-	826	-	826	-
2011	PW Streets	Fall Mountain Road Reconstruction	620	-	620	-	620	-
2011	PW Solid Waste	Single Stream Recycling Program	1,300	50	1,250	-	1,250	50
2011	PW Major Bridge	Major Bridge Repairs	380	-	22	-	22	358
2011	Parks & Rec	Page Park Main Drain	18	-	18	-	18	-
2012	Parks&Rec.	Rockwell Park Wall Stabilization	421	1	421	-	421	-
2012	Parks&Rec.	Misc. Page Park Improvements	12	-	1	-	1	11
2012	PW Engineering	Roadway Pavement Analysis	89	-	89	-	89	-
2012	PW Engineering	Jacobs St. Bank Stabilization	8	-	8	-	8	-
2012	PW Streets	Hillside Place Intersection Reconstruction	540	-	-	-	-	540
2012	PW Streets	Farrell Ave. Reconstruction	369	-	369	-	369	-
2013	MIS	Telephone System Replacement	720	224	224	6	230	490
2013	Parks&Rec.	Muzzy Field Improvements	2,500	553	1,260	4	1,264	1,236
2013	Parks&Rec.	Underground Tank Removal-Rockwell	20	3	10	-	10	10
2013	Parks&Rec.	Mrs. Rockwell Pavilion Roof Replacement	25	-	25	-	25	-
2013	Parks&Rec.	Page Park Tennis Court Repair	16	-	16	-	16	-
2013	Parks&Rec.	Wilson Field Parking Improvements	50	-	-	-	-	50
2013	Parks&Rec.	Page Park Road Rehab	100	-	100	-	100	-
2013	PW Streets	Matthews Street Reconstruction	324	-	324	-	324	-
2013	PW Engineering	Dorset Horn & Great Pyrenees Reconstr.	400	-	160	-	160	240
2013	PW Engineering	Channel Improvement/Bridge Removal	380	-	-	-	-	380
2013	PW Engineering	Wooded Debris Removal-Cost Sharing	60	-	8	-	8	52
2013	PW Engineering	Sediment Removal-Pequabuck	200	-	-	-	-	200

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Capital Projects Fund
 Schedule of Expenditures – Actual vs. Appropriations (in thousands) (Continued)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Dept.	Project Name	Amended Budget	Expended Current Year	Total All Years	Open Purchase Orders	Total Expended	Project Balance
2013	PW Engineering	Pequabuck River-Flood Control Study	110	-	-	-	-	110
2013	PW Engineering	Senior Center Roof Replacement	600	(35)	668	-	668	(68)
2013	Parks&Rec.	Pine Lake Handicapped Grant	156	27	109	-	109	47
2013	PW Engineering	Pequabuck River Flooding Study	250	174	190	-	190	60
2014	Fire	Engine 5 Renovations	600	26	30	8	38	562
2014	Police	Traffic Sign Retroreflectivity	97	30	60	-	60	37
2014	PW Streets	Coppermine Flood Control - Maltby St.	30	-	-	-	-	30
2014	PW	Louisiana Bridge Replacement	300	-	-	-	-	300
2014	PW Streets	Roadway Reclamation	580	393	565	3	568	12
2014	PW Streets	Union, South, Church Construction	2,205	644	652	540	1,192	1,013
2014	PW Streets	Divinity St. Culvert	350	-	-	-	-	350
2014	Building Maint	HVAC Control Upgrades	140	-	-	-	-	140
2014	PD Communic.	Radio Upgrade Project	100	42	42	65	107	(7)
2015	Probate	Probate Court Renovations	600	12	12	-	12	588
2015	Parks & Rec	Purchase of 240 Park Street	256	256	256	-	256	-
2015	Public Works	ADA Projects	200	-	-	-	-	200
2015	Fire	SCBA Replacements	60	-	-	-	-	60
2015	PW Streets	Streetlight Purchase	953	953	953	-	953	-
2015	Parks&Rec.	Memorial Blvd Bridge Replacement	240	-	-	-	-	240
2015	PW Streets	Fern Hill Rd Reclamation	690	293	293	-	293	397
2015	PW Streets	Birch St Road Reclamation	480	-	-	-	-	480
2015	PW Streets	Munchausen & Bartholomew Reclam	310	-	-	-	-	310
2015	PW Streets	Mountain Rd Rock Face Stabilization	320	11	11	4	15	305
2015	PW Buildings	O'Connell School Closure	100	-	-	-	-	100
2015	PW Buildings	Bingham School Closure	120	-	-	-	-	120
2015	PW Streets	Traffic Signal Video Detection Upgrade	528	-	-	-	-	528
2015	PW Fleet Maint.	Vehicle Routing Software	15	-	-	-	-	15
Total capital projects - Fund 302			74,951	7,088	55,508	1,363	56,871	18,080
Reserve for CNR - Fund 305:								
1991	CDBG	SE Mini-Industrial Park Project	4,919	-	4,919	-	4,919	-
2002	CDBG	SE Mini-Industrial Park Grant Phase II	3,031	-	3,031	-	3,031	-
2001	Fire	Mix & Brook Street Grant	10	-	10	-	10	-
1996	Landfill	Landfill Engineering Costs	1,181	-	926	-	926	255
1996	Landfill	Acq. Of Landfill Groundwater Rights	280	-	280	-	280	-
2002	Landfill	Landfill BRRFOC	3,357	-	1,761	-	1,761	1,596
2007	Landfill	Landfill Damage	534	-	178	16	194	340
2003	Recreation	Pine Lake Improvements	633	-	633	-	633	-
1999	Recreation	Dredging/Birge Pond/Pine Lake	964	-	964	-	964	-
2006	Railroad	Railroad Spur Update	286	-	254	-	254	32
2008	Misc	Cemetery Restoration	19	-	11	-	11	8
2011	Comptroller's	CL&P Refund - Streetlights	20	-	20	-	20	-
2012	BOE	Charts of Accounts/MUNIS Reconfigure	28	-	28	-	28	-

City of Bristol, Connecticut

**Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Expenditures – Actual vs. Appropriations (in thousands) (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

Fiscal Year	Dept.	Project Name	Amended Budget	Expended Current Year	Total All Years	Open Purchase Orders	Total Expended	Project Balance
2012	BOE	MUNIS Training	72	2	22	28	50	22
1998	Public Works	Sidewalk Pilot Program	100	-	95	-	95	5
2012	Public Works	Pequabuck Wooded Debris Removal	49	-	49	-	49	-
2012	Public Works	Berm Repair - Blvd.	82	(2)	82	-	82	-
2012	Public Works	Broad St. Sediment	193	2	191	-	191	2
2012	Public Works	Jacobs St. Bank Stabilization	212	-	212	-	212	-
2012	Public Works	Terryville Rd. Bank Stabilization	37	-	37	-	37	-
2012	Assessor	Revaluation	648	1	329	-	329	319
2013	Public Works	259 East Main St.	165	31	147	-	147	18
2014	Public Works	Frederick Street Properties	578	(31)	332	-	332	246
2015	Cemetery	Main Street Community Found. Grant	1	1	1	-	1	-
Total Reserve for CNR - Fund 305			17,399	4	14,512	44	14,556	2,843
Capital and Nonrecurring - Fund 126:								
2001	WPC	Infiltration/Inflow Phase II	3,088	89	3,088	-	3,088	-
2001	WPC	Infiltration/Inflow Phase III	2,990	89	2,990	-	2,990	-
2002	WPC	Infiltration/Inflow Phase IV	1,324	42	1,324	-	1,324	-
2002	WPC	Denitrification Phase I	976	29	976	-	976	-
1999	WPC	99 CIP I/I Phase I	2,992	85	2,992	-	2,992	-
2007	WPC	Broad St. Sanitary Flow	400	-	350	-	350	50
2007	WPC	Broad St. Pump Station	600	-	599	-	599	1
2008	WPC	Broad St. I/I Study Phase II	600	-	570	24	594	6
2008	WPC	Plant Auxiliary Pump Station	433	-	433	-	433	-
2008	WPC	Broad St. Force Main Replacement	100	-	1	-	1	99
2008	WPC	Gravity Sewer - Pine Lake	65	-	61	-	61	4
2009	WPC	Forestville Reduction Relief Force	5,460	-	4,778	-	4,778	682
2009	WPC	Forestville SS Engineering	875	-	762	-	762	113
2010	WPC	Submersible Sewage Pump	73	-	73	-	73	-
2010	WPC	Broad Street Pump Station Upgrades	1,420	18	1,246	1	1,247	173
2011	WPC	Sewer System Rehab Broad St	1,526	263	1,234	-	1,234	292
2011	WPC	Phosphorus Removal Upgrade	18,442	48	1,437	-	1,437	17,005
2012	WPC	Redstone Hill Sanitary Sewer Replacement	130	-	130	-	130	-
2014	WPC	Blakeslee Street Sanitary Sewers	180	-	-	128	128	52
2014	WPC	Frederick St. Bridge Stream Crossing	68	71	71	-	71	(3)
Total Capital and Nonrecurring - Fund 126			41,742	734	23,115	153	23,268	18,474
Total			\$ 259,694	\$ 8,661	\$ 197,623	\$ 2,327	\$ 199,950	\$ 59,744

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The **Water Enterprise Fund** is the City's only Enterprise Fund.

**Comparative Statement of Net Position
Water Enterprise Fund
June 30, 2015 and 2014**

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,601,905	\$ 1,355,000
Investments	4,733,548	4,835,000
Receivables, net	1,452,288	1,323,000
Other assets	2,096	10,000
Inventories	184,843	258,000
Capital assets:		
Assets not being depreciated	3,429,368	3,321,000
Assets being depreciated, net	20,247,190	21,098,000
Total assets	31,651,238	32,200,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred charge on refunding	113,941	132,000
Liabilities		
Accounts and other payables	467,346	725,000
Payroll liabilities	62,788	47,000
Customer deposits	102,356	687,000
Unearned revenues	-	21,000
Compensated absences - current	49,576	52,000
Bonds payable - current	508,795	505,000
Notes payable - current	21,011	35,000
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	247,489	254,000
Bonds payable	2,627,069	3,136,000
Notes payable	495,225	466,000
Total liabilities	4,581,655	5,928,000
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	20,654,635	20,910,000
Unrestricted	6,528,889	5,494,000
Total net position	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 26,404,000

**Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Water Enterprise Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014**

	2015	2014
Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 6,972,853	\$ 6,855,000
Miscellaneous operating revenue	372,091	352,000
Total operating revenue	7,344,944	7,207,000
Operating Expenses		
Source of supply	231,785	205,000
Pumping	269,636	295,000
Purification	962,098	1,027,000
Transmission and distribution	1,854,006	1,592,000
Customer accounts, administrative and general	2,192,457	2,148,000
Depreciation	1,007,624	945,000
Taxes other than income taxes	507,162	423,000
Total operating expenses	7,024,768	6,635,000
Operating Income	320,176	572,000
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Income on investments	(100,668)	674,000
Interest expense	(134,522)	(269,000)
Amortization of debt discount and expense	(7,785)	(5,000)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(242,975)	400,000
Income before contributions	77,201	972,000
Capital Contributions	702,323	28,000
Change in net position	779,524	1,000,000
Net Position, Beginning of Year	26,404,000	25,404,000
Total net position	\$ 27,183,524	\$ 26,404,000

City of Bristol, Connecticut

Comparative Statement of Cash Flows
Water Enterprise Fund
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 6,617,916	\$ 7,211,000
Cash paid to employees	(2,185,604)	(2,186,000)
Cash paid to suppliers	(4,009,184)	(3,413,000)
Deposits paid back to customers	-	20,000
Cash received (paid) for interfund services used	-	(8,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	423,128	1,624,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital cash contributions received	702,323	-
Purchase of capital assets/utility plant	(265,182)	(1,223,000)
Issuance of bonds and notes	-	501,000
Principal payments bonds/notes	(489,900)	(595,000)
Interest payments and issuance costs	(124,248)	(226,000)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(177,007)	(1,543,000)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Income on investments	784	2,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	784	2,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	246,905	83,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,355,000	1,272,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,601,905	\$ 1,355,000
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 320,176	\$ 572,000
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,007,624	945,000
(Increase) decrease in customer accounts receivable	(129,288)	(32,000)
Increase (decrease) in provision for uncollectible accounts	-	36,000
(Increase) decrease in inventory	73,157	(43,000)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	7,904	(10,000)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(257,654)	235,000
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities	15,788	3,000
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(8,935)	(94,000)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(584,644)	20,000
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	(21,000)	-
Increase decrease) in due to (from) other funds	-	(8,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 423,128	\$ 1,624,000
Noncash Investing and Capital Activities		
Capital contributions	\$ -	\$ 28,000

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Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Benefit and Workers Compensation Fund – to provide reserves necessary to support an insurance program health benefits and workmen's compensation claims

**Comparative Statement of Net Position
Internal Service Funds
June 30, 2015 and 2014**

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,528,561	\$ 20,219,000
Accounts receivable	26,526	-
Due from other funds	344,999	665,000
Total assets	25,900,086	20,884,000
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3,898	96,000
Unpaid claims	13,538,929	10,055,000
Unearned revenues	67,672	5,000
Total liabilities	13,610,499	10,156,000
Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$ 12,289,587	\$ 10,728,000

**Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Internal Service Funds
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014**

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 39,663,006	\$ 37,162,000
Contributions	30,085	9,000
Other	719,856	2,733,000
Total operating revenues	40,412,947	39,904,000
Operating Expenses		
Insurance claims, premiums and fees	38,880,741	33,735,000
Operating income	1,532,206	6,169,000
Nonoperating Revenues		
Interest income	29,381	27,000
Change in net position	1,561,587	6,196,000
Net Position at Beginning of Year	10,728,000	4,532,000
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 12,289,587	\$ 10,728,000

Comparative Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014
(In Thousands)

	2015	2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 39,636,480	\$ 37,491,000
Cash received from other operating revenue	749,941	2,732,000
Cash payments for claims paid	(35,426,242)	(36,224,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	4,960,179	3,999,000
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest income	29,381	27,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,989,560	4,026,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	20,219,000	16,193,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 25,208,560	\$ 20,219,000
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 1,532,206	\$ 6,169,000
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(26,526)	329,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(92,102)	81,000
Increase (decrease) in unpaid claims	3,483,929	(2,570,000)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	62,672	(10,000)
Total adjustments	3,427,973	(2,170,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 4,960,179	\$ 3,999,000

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Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust Funds

Retirement System Fund - to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement payments in accordance with retirement ordinance computations and times in the future. This fund covers all full-time City employees and noncertified members of the Board of Education. (Certified teachers are included under a State of Connecticut Pension Plan.) Resources are contributed by employees at rates determined by ordinance, by bargaining unit working agreements and by the City at amounts calculated by annual actuarial evaluations.

Firefighters' Benefit Fund - to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement payments in accordance with contract amounts and times in the future. This fund covers all full-time firefighters. Resources are contributed by employees at rates determined by contract and by the City at amounts calculated by annual actuarial evaluations.

Police Benefit Fund - to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement payments in accordance with contract amounts and times in the future. This fund covers all full-time police officers. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by contract and by the City at amounts determined by annual actuarial evaluations.

Agency Funds

Senior Citizens Activity Fund - to account for the collection and payment of expenses for senior citizens' trips and special activities.

School Activity Funds - to account for the collection and payment of expenses for education and extracurricular activities.

**Combining Statement of Net Position
Pension Trust Funds
June 30, 2015 with Comparative Totals for 2014**

	City Retirement System Fund	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund	Totals	
				2015	2014
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 279,857	\$ 11,436,980	\$ 11,716,837	\$ 422,000
Investments	209,183,596	183,045,145	186,742,618	578,971,359	613,598,000
Receivables, net	1,201	-	-	1,201	-
Total assets	209,184,797	183,325,002	198,179,598	590,689,397	614,020,000
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	51,412	-	-	51,412	-
Due to other funds	500	500	250,000	251,000	250,000
Total liabilities	51,912	500	250,000	302,412	250,000
Net Position					
Restricted for employee retirement	209,132,885	183,324,502	197,929,598	590,386,985	613,770,000
Total net position	\$ 209,132,885	\$ 183,324,502	\$ 197,929,598	\$ 590,386,985	\$ 613,770,000

**Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position
Pension Trust Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 with Comparative Totals for 2014**

	City Retirement System Fund	Firefighters' Benefit Fund	Police Benefit Fund	Totals	
				2015	2014
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 127,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,325	\$ 228,000
Plan members	1,722,863	252,503	443,730	2,419,096	2,487,000
Total contributions	1,850,188	252,503	443,730	2,546,421	2,715,000
Investment Income					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(3,823,553)	(3,249,436)	(3,530,658)	(10,603,647)	71,680,000
Interest and dividends	3,785,574	3,216,525	3,494,728	10,496,827	11,803,000
	(37,979)	(32,911)	(35,930)	(106,820)	83,483,000
Less investment expense	(252,131)	(90,498)	(93,266)	(435,895)	(538,000)
Net investment income (loss)	(290,110)	(123,409)	(129,196)	(542,715)	82,945,000
Total additions	1,560,078	129,094	314,534	2,003,706	85,660,000
Deductions					
Benefits	12,404,563	3,775,198	5,507,865	21,687,626	20,637,000
Administration	1,339,891	1,132,507	1,227,113	3,699,511	3,865,000
Police and fire retiree health care	-	-	-	-	520,000
Other	(261)	(113)	(42)	(416)	16,000
Total deductions	13,744,193	4,907,592	6,734,936	25,386,721	25,038,000
Net change	(12,184,115)	(4,778,498)	(6,420,402)	(23,383,015)	60,622,000
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits at July 1					
	221,317,000	188,103,000	204,350,000	613,770,000	553,148,000
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits at June 30					
	\$ 209,132,885	\$ 183,324,502	\$ 197,929,598	\$ 590,386,985	\$ 613,770,000

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Senior Citizens Activity Fund				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,000	\$ 160,833	\$ 140,725	\$ 55,108
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,000	\$ -	\$ 1,065	\$ 5,935
Due to senior citizens	28,000	21,173	-	49,173
Total	\$ 35,000	\$ 21,173	\$ 1,065	\$ 55,108
School Activity Fund				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 497,000	\$ 1,099,497	\$ 1,043,302	\$ 553,195
Investments	138,000	316	22,954	115,362
Total	\$ 635,000	\$ 1,099,813	\$ 1,066,256	\$ 668,557
Liabilities				
Due to student groups	\$ 635,000	\$ 1,099,813	\$ 1,066,256	\$ 668,557
Total All Agency Funds				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 532,000	\$ 1,260,330	\$ 1,184,027	\$ 608,303
Investments	138,000	316	22,954	115,362
Total	\$ 670,000	\$ 1,260,646	\$ 1,206,981	\$ 723,665
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,000	\$ -	\$ 1,065	\$ 5,935
Due to senior citizens	28,000	21,173	-	49,173
Due to student groups	635,000	1,099,813	1,066,256	668,557
Total	\$ 670,000	\$ 1,120,986	\$ 1,067,321	\$ 723,665

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Statistical Section - unaudited

Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- *Revenue capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- *Demographic and economic information* is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- *Operating information* is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

**Net Position by Component - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 261,086,435	\$ 256,306,000	\$ 251,935,000	\$ 226,701,000	\$ 179,772,000	\$ 206,272,000	\$ 201,557,000	\$ 207,039,000	\$ 200,700,000	\$ 198,732,000
Restricted	1,109,796	1,095,000	1,004,000	930,000	752,000	655,000	557,000	487,000	410,000	341,000
Unrestricted	275,282,127	36,201,000	30,900,000	46,977,000	61,786,000	27,173,000	36,804,000	39,534,000	51,656,000	44,747,000
Total governmental activities net position	537,478,358	293,602,000	283,839,000	274,608,000	242,310,000	234,100,000	238,918,000	247,060,000	252,766,000	243,820,000
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	20,654,635	20,910,000	20,027,000	19,971,000	19,706,000	20,667,000	20,592,000	19,815,000	18,427,000	18,970,000
Unrestricted	6,528,889	5,494,000	5,377,000	4,810,000	5,314,000	3,598,000	3,729,000	4,880,000	6,297,000	5,946,000
Total business-type activities net position	27,183,524	26,404,000	25,404,000	24,781,000	25,020,000	24,265,000	24,321,000	24,695,000	24,724,000	24,916,000
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	281,741,070	277,216,000	271,962,000	246,672,000	199,478,000	226,939,000	222,149,000	226,854,000	219,127,000	217,702,000
Restricted	1,109,796	1,095,000	1,004,000	930,000	752,000	655,000	557,000	487,000	410,000	341,000
Unrestricted	281,811,016	41,695,000	36,277,000	51,787,000	67,100,000	30,771,000	40,533,000	44,414,000	57,953,000	50,693,000
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 564,661,882	\$ 320,006,000	\$ 309,243,000	\$ 299,389,000	\$ 267,330,000	\$ 258,365,000	\$ 263,239,000	\$ 271,755,000	\$ 277,490,000	\$ 268,736,000

Notes:

Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Changes in Net Position - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 15,826,836	\$ 10,867,000	\$ 12,352,000	\$ 12,567,000	\$ 12,549,000	\$ 14,433,000	\$ 14,551,000	\$ 20,241,000	\$ 11,110,000	\$ 11,487,000
Public Safety	25,983,268	31,240,000	31,136,000	30,704,000	31,719,000	31,548,000	29,854,000	27,794,000	24,268,000	22,984,000
Public Works	28,439,401	27,337,000	25,065,000	31,689,000	25,183,000	24,696,000	28,190,000	24,493,000	27,278,000	24,140,000
Health and Welfare	8,536,374	6,705,000	7,243,000	6,003,000	6,327,000	5,656,000	6,445,000	5,914,000	5,995,000	3,987,000
Libraries	3,443,583	2,902,000	3,032,000	3,121,000	2,739,000	2,651,000	2,933,000	2,536,000	2,369,000	1,995,000
Parks and Recreation	3,420,506	3,344,000	3,345,000	3,926,000	3,201,000	2,972,000	3,032,000	3,442,000	3,175,000	3,603,000
Education	136,084,395	132,972,000	128,708,000	133,432,000	123,128,000	122,597,000	122,846,000	146,877,000	108,150,000	106,964,000
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	837,000	694,000	754,000
Interest on long-term debt	2,306,348	2,584,000	3,041,000	2,070,000	2,830,000	2,246,000	2,063,000	2,054,000	2,335,000	1,840,000
Total governmental activities expenses	224,040,711	217,951,000	213,922,000	223,512,000	207,676,000	206,799,000	209,914,000	234,188,000	185,374,000	177,754,000
Business-type activities:										
Water	7,267,743	6,909,000	7,066,000	6,775,000	6,529,000	6,208,000	6,458,000	5,936,000	6,154,000	5,363,000
Total business-type activities net position	7,267,743	6,909,000	7,066,000	6,775,000	6,529,000	6,208,000	6,458,000	5,936,000	6,154,000	5,363,000
Total primary government expenses	231,308,454	224,860,000	220,988,000	230,287,000	214,205,000	213,007,000	216,372,000	240,124,000	191,528,000	183,117,000
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services:										
General government	1,756,430	2,389,000	2,151,000	2,114,000	2,310,000	2,481,000	2,367,000	2,914,000	3,490,000	3,563,000
Public Works	7,991,234	8,573,000	7,380,000	7,263,000	7,138,000	6,582,000	6,710,000	6,213,000	6,325,000	6,266,000
Education	1,464,302	1,324,000	1,405,000	1,850,000	1,903,000	2,132,000	2,077,000	2,380,000	2,247,000	1,994,000
Other	1,774,339	2,457,000	1,839,000	2,693,000	2,431,000	2,492,000	2,296,000	2,352,000	1,917,000	1,862,000
Operating grants and contributions	76,414,293	76,664,000	69,848,000	73,300,000	69,468,000	68,554,000	67,428,000	94,611,000	57,800,000	56,201,000
Capital grants and contributions	2,735,539	4,950,000	8,696,000	42,600,000	10,704,000	4,014,000	2,896,000	3,833,000	8,641,000	12,917,000
Total governmental activities program revenues	92,136,137	96,357,000	91,319,000	129,820,000	93,954,000	86,255,000	83,774,000	112,303,000	80,420,000	82,803,000
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services	7,344,944	7,207,000	7,259,000	6,838,000	6,327,000	5,668,000	5,393,000	5,497,000	5,428,000	5,661,000
Capital grants and contributions	702,323	28,000	25,000	27,000	8,000	33,000	30,000	90,000	209,000	19,000
Total business-type activities program revenues	8,047,267	7,235,000	7,284,000	6,865,000	6,335,000	5,701,000	5,423,000	5,587,000	5,637,000	5,680,000
Total primary government program revenues	100,183,404	103,592,000	98,603,000	136,685,000	100,289,000	91,956,000	89,197,000	117,890,000	86,057,000	88,483,000

Changes in Net Position - Unaudited (Continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (131,904,574)	\$ (121,594,000)	\$ (122,603,000)	\$ (93,692,000)	\$ (113,722,000)	\$ (120,544,000)	\$ (126,140,000)	\$ (121,885,000)	\$ (104,954,000)	\$ (94,951,000)
Business-type activities	779,524	326,000	218,000	90,000	(194,000)	(507,000)	(1,035,000)	(349,000)	(517,000)	317,000
Total primary government net expense	(131,125,050)	(121,268,000)	(122,385,000)	(93,602,000)	(113,916,000)	(121,051,000)	(127,175,000)	(122,234,000)	(105,471,000)	(94,634,000)
General revenues and other changes in net expenses										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	134,240,052	128,534,000	125,518,000	117,982,000	117,274,000	110,752,000	111,163,000	106,391,000	103,644,000	99,931,000
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes	592,457	2,231,000	5,199,000	7,504,000	4,354,000	4,553,000	5,421,000	6,548,000	6,409,000	5,850,000
Unrestricted investment earnings	369,645	420,000	347,000	354,000	302,000	396,000	1,332,000	2,944,000	3,700,000	2,738,000
Other general revenues	3,260,140	172,000	770,000	150,000	2,000	25,000	82,000	296,000	147,000	511,000
Total governmental activities	138,462,294	131,357,000	131,834,000	125,990,000	121,932,000	115,726,000	117,998,000	116,179,000	113,900,000	109,030,000
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	-	674,000	405,000	(329,000)	949,000	451,000	661,000	320,000	325,000	84,000
Total business-type activities	-	674,000	405,000	(329,000)	949,000	451,000	661,000	320,000	325,000	84,000
Total primary government	138,462,294	132,031,000	132,239,000	125,661,000	122,881,000	116,177,000	118,659,000	116,499,000	114,225,000	109,114,000
Changes in net position										
Governmental activities	6,557,720	9,763,000	9,231,000	32,298,000	8,210,000	(4,818,000)	(8,142,000)	(5,706,000)	8,946,000	14,079,000
Business-type activities	779,524	1,000,000	623,000	(239,000)	755,000	(56,000)	(374,000)	(29,000)	(192,000)	401,000
Total primary government	\$ 7,337,244	\$ 10,763,000	\$ 9,854,000	\$ 32,059,000	\$ 8,965,000	\$ (4,874,000)	\$ (8,516,000)	\$ (5,735,000)	\$ 8,754,000	\$ 14,480,000

Notes:

Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

**Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 749,000	\$ 998,000	\$ 1,859,000	\$ 1,419,000	\$ 1,668,000
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	27,323,000	26,953,000	27,194,000	26,302,000	25,818,000
Nonspendable	588	2,000	3,000	2,000	10,000	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	3,057,414	3,856,000	3,835,000	3,848,000	4,975,000	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	2,053,023	1,113,000	2,112,000	1,617,000	2,008,000	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	26,605,958	25,955,000	24,149,000	23,963,000	21,444,000	-	-	-	-	-
Total general fund	\$ 31,716,983	\$ 30,926,000	\$ 30,099,000	\$ 29,430,000	\$ 28,437,000	\$ 28,072,000	\$ 27,951,000	\$ 29,053,000	\$ 27,721,000	\$ 27,486,000
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,611,000	\$ 5,409,000	\$ 6,582,000	\$ 5,339,000	\$ 16,412,000
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	-	-	8,726,000	8,301,000	7,817,000	7,579,000	7,914,000
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-	(22,123,000)	(6,289,000)	(5,055,000)	1,853,000	(24,611,000)
Permanent Funds	-	-	-	-	-	419,000	375,000	311,000	246,000	192,000
Nonspendable	866,420	834,000	766,000	690,000	540,000	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	6,008,399	5,301,000	3,068,000	4,004,000	3,339,000	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	18,074,519	17,696,000	19,134,000	28,171,000	34,916,000	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	108,028	59,000	-	120,000	73,000	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(11,783,622)	(8,576,000)	(7,421,000)	(5,533,000)	(512,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 13,273,744	\$ 15,314,000	\$ 15,547,000	\$ 27,452,000	\$ 38,356,000	\$ 2,633,000	\$ 7,796,000	\$ 9,655,000	\$ 15,017,000	\$ (93,000)

Notes:

- (1) Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) The City began to report new fund categories when it implements GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year 2011.

**Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues:										
Taxes and assessments	\$ 132,661,254	\$ 126,878,000	\$ 124,646,000	\$ 116,805,000	\$ 116,771,000	\$ 110,803,000	\$ 110,097,000	\$ 105,520,000	\$ 102,760,000	\$ 99,958,000
Interest an lien fees on delinquent taxes and assessments	953,500	904,000	1,024,000	750,000	927,000	1,073,000	1,087,000	1,012,000	1,053,000	1,476,000
Licenses, permits and fees	2,321,204	7,141,000	6,971,000	7,397,000	6,983,000	6,184,000	6,241,000	6,028,000	5,897,000	6,145,000
Intergovernmental	82,155,003	82,123,000	82,065,000	122,110,000	83,270,000	75,924,000	74,737,000	104,114,000	72,764,000	75,037,000
Charges for services	10,889,718	6,512,000	5,557,000	6,222,000	6,337,000	7,314,000	6,834,000	7,475,000	7,299,000	7,143,000
Income on investments	1,670,515	394,000	318,000	318,000	264,000	347,000	1,206,000	2,643,000	3,307,000	2,410,000
Miscellaneous	2,718,572	2,746,000	2,935,000	2,018,000	1,895,000	1,706,000	1,724,000	1,664,000	2,054,000	1,839,000
Total revenues	233,369,766	226,698,000	223,516,000	255,620,000	216,447,000	203,351,000	201,926,000	228,456,000	195,134,000	194,008,000
Expenditures:										
General government	6,898,392	6,952,000	7,192,000	7,119,000	6,820,000	7,294,000	7,264,000	7,520,000	8,274,000	7,542,000
Public Safety	24,357,911	22,730,000	22,336,000	21,610,000	22,250,000	21,799,000	21,181,000	20,905,000	19,957,000	20,024,000
Public Works	20,356,499	20,363,000	18,806,000	22,437,000	17,804,000	17,111,000	21,280,000	19,919,000	19,683,000	19,247,000
Health and Welfare	7,997,968	6,516,000	6,037,000	6,099,000	6,095,000	5,488,000	6,265,000	5,611,000	4,784,000	3,652,000
Libraries	2,168,546	2,020,000	2,016,000	2,306,000	1,976,000	1,981,000	1,969,000	1,981,000	1,963,000	1,676,000
Parks and Recreation	2,539,006	2,375,000	2,495,000	2,822,000	2,433,000	2,396,000	2,487,000	2,419,000	2,234,000	2,626,000
Education	118,488,322	114,144,000	107,414,000	111,168,000	106,565,000	106,740,000	105,358,000	131,203,000	96,495,000	91,734,000
Citywide:										
Employee benefits and pensions	3,107,573	3,719,000	3,349,000	3,898,000	4,393,000	2,637,000	2,702,000	2,892,000	2,719,000	2,888,000
Insurance	30,653,291	820,000	586,000	967,000	465,000	589,000	681,000	655,000	713,000	717,000
Capital outlay	768,352	379,000	946,000	514,000	1,352,000	792,000	758,000	837,000	692,000	718,000
Miscellaneous	8,324,692	7,569,000	27,462,000	55,434,000	19,760,000	10,521,000	15,309,000	10,906,000	16,715,000	23,088,000
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	6,472,551	6,556,000	6,645,000	4,545,000	4,575,000	4,570,000	4,935,000	4,934,000	5,099,000	5,773,000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,486,904	2,738,000	3,191,000	2,620,000	2,002,000	2,292,000	2,009,000	2,306,000	1,855,000	1,794,000
Refunding bond issuance cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	234,620,007	196,881,000	208,475,000	241,539,000	196,490,000	184,210,000	192,198,000	212,088,000	181,183,000	181,479,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,250,241)	29,817,000	15,041,000	14,081,000	19,957,000	19,141,000	9,728,000	16,368,000	13,951,000	12,529,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	19,514,255	19,653,000	20,660,000	14,946,000	12,665,000	13,797,000	14,150,000	14,895,000	14,015,000	12,104,000
Transfers out	(19,514,255)	(48,876,000)	(46,937,000)	(39,124,000)	(37,217,000)	(37,620,000)	(36,165,000)	(35,293,000)	(34,227,000)	(31,066,000)
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,900,000	-	-	-
Proceeds from borrowing	-	-	-	-	39,587,000	-	-	-	21,606,000	470,000
Proceeds from refunding	-	-	-	21,823,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	2,932,000	1,096,000	-	66,000	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	(24,569,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(29,223,000)	(26,277,000)	(23,992,000)	16,131,000	(23,823,000)	(13,049,000)	(20,398,000)	1,394,000	(18,492,000)
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (1,250,241)	\$ 594,000	\$ (11,236,000)	\$ (9,911,000)	\$ 36,088,000	\$ (4,682,000)	\$ (3,321,000)	\$ (4,030,000)	\$ 15,345,000	\$ (5,963,000)

Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.0%	5.0%	5.5%	3.9%	3.8%	4.0%	4.0%	3.8%	4.4%	4.9%
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Note: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

**Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Less Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value (2)
2015	\$ 2,520,182,000	\$ 492,698,000	\$ 218,310,000	\$ 528,973,000	\$ 373,950,000	\$ 312,023,000	\$ 3,822,090,000	34.61%	\$ 5,460,128,000	70%
2014	2,517,026,000	485,406,000	222,796,000	470,728,000	369,672,000	232,210,000	3,833,418,000	34.61%	5,479,591,000	70%
2013	2,508,327,000	475,097,000	223,871,000	432,801,000	363,427,000	226,673,000	3,776,850,000	33.50%	5,395,500,000	70%
2012 (3)	3,041,932,000	495,045,000	230,458,000	408,548,000	365,967,000	223,986,000	4,317,964,000	28.75%	6,168,720,000	70%
2011	3,038,627,000	486,786,000	230,731,000	387,052,000	342,385,000	211,187,000	4,274,394,000	27.24%	6,106,277,000	70%
2010	3,119,391,000	760,652,000	232,187,000	381,500,000	331,617,000	181,046,000	4,644,301,000	27.24%	6,250,208,000	70%
2009	3,026,970,000	454,990,000	242,253,000	372,646,000	323,890,000	174,309,000	4,246,440,000	25.99%	6,066,343,000	70%
2008 (3)	3,022,346,000	441,107,000	235,464,000	365,396,000	342,196,000	171,074,000	4,235,435,000	34.71%	6,050,621,000	70%
2007	2,015,854,000	284,262,000	183,537,000	373,548,000	338,877,000	155,518,000	3,040,560,000	34.21%	4,343,658,000	70%
2006	1,972,390,000	278,040,000	173,782,000	357,779,000	320,031,000	142,739,000	2,959,283,000	33.33%	4,431,461,000	70%

Source:

Notes:

- (1) Assessed values for all real and personal property located within the City on October 1 are included on the Grand List by the Assessor's Office. A Board of Assessment Appeals determines whether adjustments to the Assessor's list under appeal are warranted. Assessments are computed at 70% of market value. A revaluation of all property within the City is required to be completed no less than every ten years.
- (2) Equalized Net Grand List is compiled by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management, as a factor in figuring aid to education, and is produced by comparing sample sales of real estate, or market value, to the assessed value of the property on the Town/City's books. The resulting sales assessment ratio is used to equalize grand lists for each Town/City in Connecticut. These computations usually take one year to compile.
- (3) Revaluation year

Principal Property Taxpayers - Unaudited
2013 and 2004

Taxpayer	October 1, 2013			October 1, 2004		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
ESPN	\$ 220,803,470	1	5.76%	\$ 222,485,040	1	7.20%
Odgen Martin Corporation***	45,987,670	2	1.20%	38,008,590	2	1.20%
Connecticut Light & Power	42,183,060	3	1.10%	23,834,470	3	0.80%
Bristol Center LLC	32,758,530	4	0.85%	-		0.00%
Federal Realty Investment Trust	22,149,430	5	0.58%	13,598,520	7	0.40%
Bristol Industrial Partners, LLC/Winstanley**	21,738,710	6	0.57%	10,369,030	10	0.30%
Carpenter Realty Company	20,559,972	7	0.54%	10,820,080	8	0.30%
Lake Compounce/Festival Fun Parks	15,578,480	8	0.41%	-		0.00%
Huntington Woods Limited Partnership	15,028,250	9	0.39%	-		0.00%
Elk Bristol Annex LLC	13,892,620	10	0.36%	-		0.00%
Webster Bank	-		0.00%	17,744,930	4	0.60%
Theis Precision Steel	-		0.00%	16,035,110	5	0.50%
Barnes Group	-		0.00%	13,914,570	6	0.40%
Otis Elevator	-		0.00%	10,656,080	9	0.30%
Total	\$ 450,680,192		11.76%	\$ 377,466,420		12.00%

October 1, 2013 Assessment
Source: City of Bristol, Office of Tax Assessor

** New ownership as of 4/28/2005
*** Real estate ownership entity for Covanta

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate in Mills	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Tax Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
			Amount	Percent of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2015	34.61%	\$ 133,926,000	\$ 131,874,000	98.47%	\$ -	\$ 131,874,000	98.47%
2014	33.50%	127,580,000	125,620,000	98.46%	1,927,000	127,547,000	99.97%
2013	28.75%	125,055,000	123,492,000	98.75%	1,207,000	124,699,000	99.72%
2012	27.24%	117,108,000	115,629,000	98.74%	1,104,000	116,733,000	99.68%
2011	27.24%	116,860,000	115,256,000	98.63%	1,033,000	116,289,000	99.51%
2010	25.99%	110,770,000	108,912,000	98.32%	1,141,000	110,053,000	99.35%
2009	25.99%	110,740,000	108,691,000	98.15%	1,641,000	110,332,000	99.63%
2008	34.71%	106,413,000	104,402,000	98.11%	1,417,000	105,819,000	99.44%
2007	34.21%	103,075,000	100,951,000	97.94%	1,447,000	102,398,000	99.34%
2006	33.33%	99,648,000	97,765,000	98.11%	1,631,000	99,396,000	99.75%

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

**Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds	Business-Type Activities Water	Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Estimated Taxable Assessed Value	Debt Per Capita	Total Debt Outstanding as a Percentage of Personal Income
2015	\$ 66,950,826	\$ 3,652,100	\$ 70,602,926	1.85%	\$ 1,165	0.04%
2014	73,745,000	4,142,000	77,887,000	1.93%	1,222	0.05%
2013	79,042,000	4,118,000	83,160,000	2.20%	1,340	0.04%
2012	85,838,000	4,723,000	90,561,000	2.10%	1,462	0.04%
2011	89,235,000	5,263,000	94,498,000	2.21%	1,551	0.04%
2010	54,225,000	5,000,000	59,225,000	1.39%	972	0.04%
2009	58,793,000	5,549,000	64,342,000	1.52%	1,060	0.04%
2008	54,826,000	6,109,000	60,935,000	1.44%	999	0.04%
2007	59,762,000	7,034,000	66,796,000	1.54%	1,090	0.04%
2006	43,255,000	4,355,000	47,610,000	1.07%	781	0.05%

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule of Debt Limitation - Unaudited
June 30, 2015

Total Fiscal Year 2014 tax collections (taxes, interest and fees)						\$ 133,703,000
Tax Relief for the Elderly - Freeze						6,000
Base for establishing debt limit						<u><u>\$ 133,709,000</u></u>
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Funding	Total
Debt Limitation						
2 1/4 times base	\$ 300,845,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,845,250
4 1/2 times base	-	601,690,500	-	-	-	601,690,500
3 3/4 times base	-	-	501,408,750	-	-	501,408,750
3 1/4 times base	-	-	-	434,554,250	-	434,554,250
3 times base	-	-	-	-	401,127,000	401,127,000
Total debt limitation	<u>300,845,250</u>	<u>601,690,500</u>	<u>501,408,750</u>	<u>434,554,250</u>	<u>401,127,000</u>	<u>2,239,625,750</u>
Debt, as defined by Statute:						
Bonds and notes payable	28,495,459	31,124,000	4,545,000	-	-	64,164,459
Bond anticipation notes payable	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	5,000,000
Bonds authorized and unissued	8,033,000	103,186,000	510,000	-	-	111,729,000
State grant commitments	-	(100,613,000)	-	-	-	(100,613,000)
Total indebtedness	<u>41,528,459</u>	<u>33,697,000</u>	<u>5,055,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>80,280,459</u>
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding and authorized debt	<u>\$ 259,316,791</u>	<u>\$ 567,993,500</u>	<u>\$ 496,353,750</u>	<u>\$ 434,554,250</u>	<u>\$ 401,127,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,159,345,291</u>

Note: In no event shall total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation. The maximum permitted under this formula would be \$935,963,000.

**Legal Debt Margin Information - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Debt Limitation	\$ 935,963,000	\$ 894,341,000	\$ 879,487,000	\$ 822,668,000	\$ 823,725,000	\$ 782,901,000	\$ 777,462,000	\$ 747,175,000	\$ 726,418,000	\$ 710,220,000
Total net debt applicable to limit	80,280,459	86,303,000	93,369,000	100,679,000	104,310,000	93,200,000	97,690,000	55,549,000	60,483,000	74,152,000
Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$ 855,682,541</u>	<u>\$ 808,038,000</u>	<u>\$ 786,118,000</u>	<u>\$ 721,989,000</u>	<u>\$ 719,415,000</u>	<u>\$ 689,701,000</u>	<u>\$ 679,772,000</u>	<u>\$ 691,626,000</u>	<u>\$ 665,935,000</u>	<u>\$ 636,068,000</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit	8.58%	9.65%	10.62%	12.24%	12.66%	11.90%	12.57%	7.43%	8.33%	10.44%

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report - Schedule of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 9 for calculation of current year debt limitation.

**Demographic and Employment Statistics - Unaudited
Last Ten Calendar Years**

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Income (2)	Median Age (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)	Personal Income (5)
2015	60,586	\$ 30,555	40	\$ 8,052	7.0%	\$ 35,354
2014	60,603	30,555	40	8,228	7.6%	35,534
2013	60,603	30,555	40	8,366	8.2%	35,534
2012	60,510	30,555	40	8,365	8.8%	35,534
2011	60,092	30,555	40	8,508	9.4%	35,534
2010	60,927	30,555	40	8,699	9.8%	35,534
2009	60,679	30,555	40	8,656	9.1%	35,534
2008	60,991	30,555	40	8,781	6.1%	35,534
2007	61,258	25,782	39	8,892	5.1%	35,534
2006	60,992	25,782	39	9,008	4.9%	35,534

(1) Source: State Health Department

(2) Source: State Department of Economic Development, 2010 Census

(3) Source: Bristol Board of Education

(4) Source: State Department of Labor (2012 Average as of August 31, 2012)

(5) Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census

**Principal Employers - Unaudited
Current and Seven Years Ago**

Employer	Nature of Business	2015			2008*		
		Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
ESPN	Sports Broadcasting	4,200	1	13.70%	3,000	1	9.04%
Bristol Hospital, Inc.	Healthcare	1,684	2	5.05%	1,271	3	3.83%
City of Bristol & Board of Education	Municipality	1,600	3	4.80%	1,681	2	5.07%
Sheriden Woods Health Care Center	Health Care	225	4	0.67%	-	-	-
IDEX Health & Science LLC	Health Care	200	5	0.60%	-	-	-
Stop & Shop	Grocery Store	175	6	0.52%	353	6	1.06%
Quality Coils	Manufacturing	170	7	0.51%	-	-	-
The Pines at Bristol	Health Care	140	8	0.42%	-	-	-
Stephen AutoMall Centre	Retail	130	9	0.39%	-	-	-
Rowley Spring	Manufacturing	95	10	0.28%	-	-	-
Price Chopper	Grocery Store	-	-	0.00%	220	9	0.66%
Associated Spring-Barnes Group	Manufacturing	-	-	0.00%	500	5	1.51%
Cigna	Insurance	-	-	0.00%	352	7	1.06%
Walmart	Retail	-	-	0.00%	243	8	0.73%
Yarde Metals	Manufacturing	-	-	0.00%	614	4	1.85%
Theis Precision Steel	Manufacturing	-	-	0.00%	190	10	0.57%
Total		8,619		26.94%	8,424		25.38%

Source: Bristol Chamber of Commerce & Bristol Development Authority

* Information not available prior to 2007

**Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General government	75	74	75	85	82	87	87	87	90	91
Police	146	140	134	134	138	150	150	147	147	142
Fire	88	88	88	89	90	93	93	93	92	90
Public Works	113	105	113	117	118	127	127	135	136	127
Parks and Recreation	22	19	21	21	21	23	23	22	20	22
Library	30	28	30	29	30	30	30	28	30	27
Education	1,090	1,065	1,061	1,065	1,121	1,110	1,143	1,155	1,131	1,130
Water Department	36	34	34	34	34	36	36	36	35	37
Total	1,600	1,553	1,556	1,574	1,634	1,656	1,689	1,703	1,681	1,666

Source: City of Bristol, Personnel Office and Board of Education, Personnel Office

**Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function/Program	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government										
Building permits issued	1,403	1,420	1,284	1,325	1,322	1,494	1,512	1,533	1,728	1,855
Police										
Physical arrests	2,345	2,389	2,539	2,638	2,655	2,920	3,289	2,526	3,451	2,426
Parking violations	1,556	1,969	2,478	3,443	1,695	3,103	3,969	4,309	3,402	3,885
Traffic violations	7,107	7,143	6,767	6,072	8,560	10,492	10,200	10,098	10,246	7,884
Fire										
Emergency responses	2,261	2,037	2,195	2,935	1,353	999	1,016	2,636	3,036	3,090
Fires extinguished	222	224	249	272	233	200	124	280	252	271
Inspections	1,246	884	877	998	1,255	1,978	814	849	475	523
Refuse Collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	62.87	62.86	65.20	73.61	67.24	69.17	69.93	73.00	76.52	74.54
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	18.36	16.98	16.64	16.11	13.35	13.48	13.58	12.00	11.00	13.77
Other Public Works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	14.30	12.50	10.20	8.20	7.50	5.50	11.00	9.20	8.80	7.30
Potholes repaired	850	800	750	750	830	920	1,050	1,000	1,000	1,000
Parks and Recreation										
Athletic field permits issued	1,739	1,696	1,522	1,591	1,246	1,050	1,050	1,083	992	1,034
Library										
Volumes in collection	232,082	213,151	214,288	215,250	209,150	200,600	193,869	192,261	180,180	170,155
Total volumes borrowed	313,755	311,116	311,714	327,807	331,043	344,386	351,025	353,329	336,680	298,629
Water										
New connections:										
Water main breaks	31	27	21	19	15	24	21	19	23	18
Average daily production (thousands of gallons)	5,270	5,020	5,118	5,219	5,455	5,261	5,400	5,500	5,300	5,700
Peak daily production (thousands of gallons)	7,754	7,006	7,731	8,841	9,720	7,474	7,716	7,385	8,074	7,800
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons daily)	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.60	8.60	8.00	8.96	10.06

N/A - Information not available

Source: City of Bristol Building Department, Police Department, Fire Department, Parks and Recreation Department, Public Works Department, Library, Water Department and Water Pollution Control

Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Zone offices	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Fire stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Refuse collection										
Collection trucks	27	27	25	30	30	31	28	28	28	27
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	235.0	235.0	235.0	232.0	232.0	232.0	232.0	232.0	225.0	222.5
Highways (miles)	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8
Streetlights	5,539	5,538	5,535	5,523	5,500	5,500	5,493	5,005	5,456	6,031
Traffic signals	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	19
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	730	720	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Playgrounds	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Baseball/softball diamonds	15	15	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Soccer/football fields	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Community centers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water										
Water mains (miles)	313	313	313	313	313	313	313	313	313	313
Fire hydrants	1,601	1,611	1,596	1,596	1,591	1,575	1,569	1,561	1,554	1,543
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,281,105	1,281,105	1,281,105	1,281,105	1,280,105	1,281,105	1,281,105	1,281,105	1,281,105	1,279,605
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	243.40	243.40	242.90	242.90	238.70	237.80	237.80	237.70	236.83	236.18
Storm sewers (miles)	224.00	223.50	223.10	223.10	220.80	220.50	219.90	219.30	218.00	218.00
Treatment capacity (millions per day)	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75

Source: City of Bristol Police Department, Fire Department, Parks and Recreation Department, Public Works Department, Water Department and Water Pollution Control